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This is
FLOWERFIELD'S
SEED CATALOGUE
Spring 1944
YOU WILL RECEIVE OUR BOOK OF
PLANTS AND BULBS IN A FEW WEEKS

Please Order Early
America is now completely dependent on herself for all seed supplies. In addition, untold thousands of pounds of seed are being exported to our Allies. Under these circumstances we recommend early ordering to be sure of receiving the varieties you want.

1944 Victory Gardens
The government was extremely grateful to the home gardeners of the nation in 1943. The Victory Garden movement made possible the more successful prosecution of the war.

We are asked to redouble our efforts in 1944. Many of you have learned of the thrills (and sometimes the disappointments) of gardening. More gardens must be planted, and a greater percentage must be successfully harvested. Plant good seed, on well-fed ground; take care of your growing crops; and your crops will take care of you.

Flowers in 1944
Flowers too are important. They are food for the spirit. Morale is being recognized as a major factor in war. Do your part in making our land beautiful, the kind of country our soldiers will be glad they fought for. Plant flowers and vegetables for victory.

ALL ITEMS IN THIS CATALOGUE ARE Postpaid
ANYWHERE in the UNITED STATES
**A Child's Own Garden**

**OF EASIEST-TO-GROW FLOWERS and VEGETABLES**

All children love to have a space in the garden which is really their own. Flowerfield has chosen this list by consulting the children themselves. The boys seem to favor things to eat, so we've included vegetables. The girls, of course, want flowers. To encourage this constructive pastime, we have selected seeds that will show quick results, and giving them seeds that are large enough for the little fingers to handle. Each packet will be plainly labeled and have a marked wooden plant stake attached for marking them in the garden.

**GIANT PACKET**

Containing Six Different Varieties, Each with a Separate Label Stake for the Child's Own Garden.

Nasturtium | String Beans | Marigold | Sweet Corn | Gourds | Carrots
---|---|---|---|---|---
Giant Packet 50c

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SMALL FRUITS SUITED for HOME GARDENS

HYBRID BLUEBERRIES
The Hybrid Blueberry bush produces juicy, delicious berries 2 or 3 times as large as regular blueberries. The bushes themselves are grandiose, reaching 8 to 10 feet in height, bearing ornamental pinkish white, bell-shaped blossoms through the spring. The long narrow foliage turns to coppery red in the fall. Planting at least two bushes should be practised so that cross-pollination may take place. Plant in a loose, friable loam with adequate moisture supply. The plant prefers an acid location and in spots where sweet ground prevails, we recommend addition of a handful of ammonium sulphate around the plants each spring.

Heavy, bearing-age plants. Each $2.50, Doz. $25.00

GRAPES
Concord Each 50c, Doz. $5.00
Grapes are easy to grow and thrive on soils which are too barren for other fruits. Plant them where their vines can trail along a trellis or arbor. Concord is unquestionably the most satisfactory grape that can be grown in the home garden, being a tremendous producer, quite hardy and establishing quickly.

RASPBERRIES
Latham, THE Red Raspberry Each 35c, Doz. $3.50
Most popular and most widely grown of all raspberries, Latham is a thrifty growing plant and a very heavy yielder of large, bright red, attractive berries of firm texture and high quality. These berries are delicious whether served immediately, or canned or frozen. They will thrive under a large range of conditions. Fruits in midseason.

Cumberland, THE Black Raspberry Each 35c, Doz. $3.50
The best, most dependable blackcap, delicious whether eaten fresh, frozen, preserved, made into jam or pies. The berries are round, plump, extremely juicy and notably free from "seediness." These bushes need no extra support and are non-suckering.

STRAWBERRIES
Few fruits are as popular as the delicious strawberry, and indeed, few give as much for a minimum of effort. Whether for eating at once, preserving, canning, freezing, you just must have some of the delicious new types of strawberries. Plant them this spring for a light crop this year and a real "harvest" next.

Caukil Doz. 50c, 50 for $1.70
A most reliable midseason variety, producing heavy crops, year in and year out, of large berries. The flesh is firm, the quality excellent and the size large.

Chesapeake Doz. 60c, 50 for $2.00
The best late variety. Under normal conditions, all berries, even the very last, reach large, eatable size. Brilliant red flesh color. The quality is very good and definitely sweet.

Fairfax Doz. 50c, 50 for $1.70
The ideal garden variety, having berries of rich medium red color, of quality and flavor unsurpassed. Bears over a long time. Even berries left on the plants, that turn darker in color, are sweet and tempting. Early.

Premier Doz. 50c, 50 for $1.70
For a quarter of a century acknowledged the best early berry. Almost never hurt by frost. Heavy in yielding, more than making up for berries that run only to medium size.

Mastodon Everbearing Doz. 75c, 50 for $2.50
Mastodon bears a heavy crop of fruit in June and continues to give berries of excellent quality throughout the summer and fall. It adapts itself to many different types of soil and climate.

Rhubarb
The succulent stems of rhubarb are an appetizing dessert, either stewed or in pies. Space the plants 2 to 4 feet apart and cover the crown with 4 inches of soil. They are perfectly hardy and if properly taken care of will last for years.

MacDonald Roots 40c each, $4.00 per doz.
This remarkable variety is the most distinct improvement which has been made in rhubarb in a good many years. The stalks are very large and become a bright crimson color. They are tender, of excellent flavor and when cooked they make a beautiful deep pink sauce. The plant is high yielding, strong and robust.

ASPARAGUS
To start a bed it is only necessary to set out the roots on good soil and give them ordinary care to keep weeds down, etc. The land should be plowed or spaded deep and worked down well and should be enriched by applying a heavy dressing of manure, which should be plowed or spaded in. The roots are set out 18 to 24 inches apart in the rows about 4 feet apart. 100 roots make a good bed, but more should be set out for a large family. Cutting may commence the third year after setting out the roots. A small cutting may be made the second year if not continued more than two weeks.

Mary Washington 12 roots 75c, 50 roots $2.50
The best variety. This is the best of the rust-resistant strains and is the most widely used variety for home and market. The shoots are larger and grow more rapidly than other kinds. The stalks are very thick, at an attractive deep green color with purple tops and grow unusually tall without breaking. Very compact tips that are slow to branch or "blow". Even the largest and thickest shoots of this variety are tender and delicious.
VEGETABLE SEEDS
for greater success and more fun in your
1944 VICTORY GARDENING

Flowerfield offers a very carefully selected list of the most useful and most satisfactory vegetable seeds. Insofar as it is possible, we have eliminated the confusing duplications of types that exist in encyclopedic lists, and those vegetables we do list represent the very best varieties available, each one with some distinct advantage over all the other varieties. We have based our choices on experienced judgment backed by actual trials, and on strictly comparative merits. We sincerely believe our list could not be improved by expansion, but would merely become confusing to the gardener who looks to us to make qualitative judgment regarding the worth of various vegetables.

If you bought seed from us last year, you need no introduction to the helpful features of our patented seed packets. To help in setting out seed flats or in planning your garden, each packet of Flowerfield seed bears a wooden stake permanently printed with the name of the variety. It is a real help in keeping track of the delicate seedlings that look so much alike!

Best Varieties of BEANS

STRINGLESS BUSH BEANS, GREEN PODDED
A packet of bush beans will plant 20 feet of row, a pound 150 feet.

Bountiful Pkt. 10c, lb. 45c
A Superior Flat-Podded Green Bean. If you want early green beans try this kind. It is one of the earliest green pod varieties. The pods are longer than most, handsome, straight, and although flat are quite meaty. They are tender and entirely stringless. It is a very productive variety and continues to bear a long time. has proved to be unequalled on heavy as well as light soils; reliable everywhere. This is one of the best market and home varieties. Our seed is grown from clean, carefully selected heavy yielding stock. Illustration on page 14.

Long Island Long Pod Pkt. 20c, lb. 75c
An early snap bean with extremely long pods, 7 inches and more in length, slightly curved, flat, medium light green, stringless and of good quality. Splendid for the home garden. Plants are early and prolific. Honorable Mention, All-America Selections.

Stringless Black Valentine Pkt. 10c, lb. 45c
Very Hardy. Dark green pods, 6 to 6½ inches long, semi-round, brittle, smooth, and entirely stringless at all stages. Sure cropper, even under adverse conditions, and on all types of soil. Seeds are jet-black. Desirable for the home garden if used when young.

Tendergreen Pkt. 15c, lb. 50c
The Best Round Dwarf Green Beans. If you want really delicious, tender, fine-flavored, early snap beans, be sure to plant Tendergreen. There is no dwarf bean that has as fine quality. Many of our customers will plant no other variety. The pods are long, round as a pencil, very meaty and of an attractive light green color. They mature early and the vines are exceptionally strong and vigorous. This bean is outstanding for the large yields of long straight tender pods and is ideal for home canning.

STRINGLESS BUSH BEANS, WAX or YELLOW PODDED
Wax or Yellow-Podded Bush Beans grow vigorously almost anywhere, present no difficulties of cultivation, and produce tremendous crops. Their appetizing, wax yellow pods and their delicate, distinctive flavor make them a favorite in market or home garden. The planting information given for Green-Pod Bush Beans applies to the Wax Beans as well. The bushes range in height from 12 to 20 inches.

Davis Stringless Wax Pkt. 10c, lb. 45c
Crisp and tender wax bean with a bland yet fresh flavor. Makes a delectable salad. Strong, upright plants quite free from rust.

Yellow Bountiful (Sure Crop Wax) Pkt. 15c, lb. 50c
For an abundance of fine wax beans, grow Yellow Bountiful. The pods are long, deep yellow, entirely stringless, of fine quality and usually are free from rust. The plant is branching, sturdy and upright, every branch carrying a heavy crop of very attractive uniformly colored, large pods which can be quickly picked. This is a very popular and desirable variety. Black seed. Illustrated on page 14.
POLE BEANS
Pole beans are extremely productive and most useful in gardens with limited space. They come into bearing later than the bush varieties, but bear for a longer period, and some produce bigger pods. They are less hardy, however, so should be planted a week later but not later than June 15. They mature in from 65 to 80 days, depending on variety, and do best if the vines are given support, the most frequently used being rough poles 7 ft. or more tall, sunk in the ground 1½ to 2 ft. deep, and 3 to 4 ft. apart. Place 5 to 8 beans around each pole, cover with 2 inches of soil, and firm to assist germination. When plants are well started, thin so that 3 to 4 of the strongest remain to a pole. Pole beans may also be planted along a trellis or fence. A packet of pole beans will plant 15 poles, a pound 100 poles.

Decatur
Pkt. 15c, lb. 50c
Awarded Silver Medal as an All-America Vegetable. Decatur bears immense crops of lively dark green, practically round pods, stringless in all stages, measuring 6 to 8 inches long with meaty beans of fine quality. Resistant to mosaic and common rust. Seeds are white.

Kentucky Wonder (Old Homestead)
Pkt. 10c, lb. 45c
We have a fine true stock of this old favorite. The pods are very long, round, light green, stringless when young and of extremely high quality. The vines are enormously productive, the pods often hanging in great clusters. These beans mature very early, being among the earliest of the pole varieties. Though thick, the pods appear slender on account of their great length. The light brown seeds have a tasty flavor which makes them desirable for use as shell beans.

BUSH LIMA BEANS
Lima beans grow best in a rich, well drained, sandy loam. As seed is sensitive to cold and wet ground, it must not be planted until the soil has become quite warm and fairly dry. Plant the seeds edgewise, eye down, 3 inches apart in rows 2½ to 3 ft. apart, and cover with 2 inches of fine soil. When the plants are well started, thin to stand 12 to 15 inches apart for Cangreen and 9 to 12 inches for Baby Fordhook. Give frequent and shallow cultivation until blossoms appear, but do not cultivate or handle plants when they are wet. Pick the pods as soon as the beans have reached edible size.

A packet of seed will plant about 20 feet of rows, a pound 150 feet.

Baby Fordhook
Pkt. 15c, lb. 50c
A thick-seeded, small lima bean of far better quality than the flat type. It was designed especially for canning and freezing. Home gardeners will appreciate its surprisingly heavy crops of pods under almost any conditions. Plant is truly bush, about 1½ feet tall, with shiny, dark green leaves, heavily productive, bearing pods quite close to the stem. Pods are 3½ inches long and ⅜ inch wide, thick, slightly curved, containing 3 to 4 beans, close but not crowded in the pod. Seed is thick, green, turning cream when dry.

Cangreen
Pkt. 25c, lb. 85c
An All-American Selection that is a distinct improvement over the other larger sized lima beans. This green-seeded butterbean is one of the earliest maturing bush lima beans. Pods are small, 3 to 3½ inches long, each containing 3 to 4 plum beans of delicate flavor. Plants are truly prolific and, although they begin to bear very early, they continue until they are killed by frost.

TENDERGREEN BUSH GREEN BEANS

POLE LIMA BEANS
While pole lima beans mature one week later than bush lima beans, they greatly outyield them per square foot of garden space. Vines should be given support, the most frequently used being rough poles 7 feet or more tall, sunk 1½ to 2 feet deep in the ground and spaced 3 to 4 feet apart. Sow seeds when soil has become warm; put 6 to 8 seeds (eyes down) around each pole, cover with 2 inches of fine soil, and firm to assist germination. When plants are well started, thin so that 3 to 4 of the strongest remain to a pole. Small plantings may be made along a fence or trellis, putting several beans 1 foot apart, after thinning to one strong plant. Many consider the flavor of pole limas better than the bush limas.

A packet will plant 10 hills, a pound 50 hills.

Ideal
Pkt. 15c, lb. 60c
The Best Mammoth Podded Pole Lima. This is a superior variety. The pods are immense, often 7 inches long, containing usually 6 large flat beans of the very finest quality. On our own farm we always plant an extra lot of these for our own use. The vines are very vigorous, productive, and prolific and the beans are ready only about one week later than the bush limas.

Early Leviathan
Pkt. 10c, lb. 45c
Earliest Large-Seed Podded Lima. An early, hardy, and most prolific pole lima bean producing a handsome crop of pods 5 to 6 inches long, containing 3 to 4 and sometimes 5 large beans of very good quality. Remain green for a long time after being shelled.

EDIBLE SOY BEANS

Bansai
Pkt. 15c, lb. 50c
The edible soy bean has become increasingly popular in this country, because of its high vitamin content, also because it is very high in protein and fat. They are the easiest bean to grow, yield heavily and are of attractive appearance and good eating qualities. The beans are delicious in the green stage when cooked and served similar to lima beans, and also well liked dry and roasted in much the same manner as nuts. Bansai which we list here has proved to be the best variety for northern sections, and is adapted to a wide range of growing conditions. The plants grow about two feet high and are very prolific. The beans will be ripe about 95 days after planting.
TABLE BEETS

Beets are one of the most satisfactory vegetables to grow in the home garden. A few rows in the garden will give you fresh beets throughout the season. Sow same in the spring and again a few weeks later for a succession. It is an excellent plan to make a sowing in July for use in the fall. These young beets are not only a very welcome addition to your fall vegetables but when put in a pit or root cellar and covered with sand will keep in tender condition for use during the winter. Beet tops are used quite extensively for "greens." With the exception of Winter Keeper the beet crop will mature in eight weeks.

A packet of seed will sow 15 feet of row, an ounce 60 feet.

Crosby's Egyptian
A Fine Early Garden Beet. There is no better early garden beet than Crosby's Egyptian. This variety has the deep crimson color which is the most desirable. The beets are of uniform color, only slightly flattened, very smooth and with small tops, and very slender tap roots. They mature quickly, being a very early variety.

Market gardeners find this the best beet for early bunching, as the attractive appearance of the beets commands highest prices on the markets. The beets grow quickly and for fine early beets in the home garden this strain is unequalled.

Detroit Dark Red
The exceptionally fine quality of this beet has made it one of the most popular kinds for the home, market garden and canning. For fall use in the home garden it has few equals. Seed sown in July will produce beautiful, tender, dark red beets, superior to use in the fall and to store for winter. The beets are smooth and uniform, a solid, rich deep red throughout, showing hardly any zones. Illustrated on page 14.

CARROTS

Modern carrots are a really delicious vegetable eaten either cooked or raw. A few rows will supply all you want, as you can thin out the small ones for early use and let the rest grow for fall and winter. Carrots can be sown from early spring to the middle of summer and will be ready in about 10 weeks. The earlier they are sown the larger the crop as a rule, but late sowings produce nice carrots for fall.

Chantenay or Model
Popular for Home and Market. Attractive, deep orange, half-long roots, 5½ inches long and 2½ inches thick at the tap, gradually tapering toward the bottom. The flesh is a beautiful rich orange, tender, of fine texture and very sweet. Excellent for the home garden and sold on all produce markets. Good shipper and winter keeper.

Imperator
This is the fine quality bunching carrot that comes into our markets from California and has proved to be an excellent bunch carrot to grow in the East. The roots grow 8 inches long, are smooth and slightly tapering. The color is deep orange and extends right to the center, and with a very small core. The tops are just right for bunching. Dig deeply when preparing your garden for Imperator to accommodate the deep root.

Nantes Half Long
Also Known as Coreless. The handsome, half-long, well-shaped orange roots grow 6 to 7 inches long and are perfectly cylindrical, from 1 to 1½ inches thick, ending abruptly in a small, thin tail. They are of delicious flavor, fine grained, tender, sweet, and practically coreless, the pure orange scarlet flesh extending right through. Quality unsurpassed.

Tendersweet
All-America Silver Medal Winner. An exceptionally heavy yielder. Always smooth and uniform, the roots are 8 to 9 inches long, 2 inches across the shoulder, tapering to a rather blunt end. Skin is rich orange-red; flesh is very deep orange. In demand by gardeners, as it has the shape, size and color to show to advantage and the sweet tender quality to further recommend it. Tendersweet is the favorite home garden streamlined carrot, as may be seen from its picture on page 14.
The Cabbage Family

BROCCOLI
A Delicious, Easily Grown Vegetable

Almost everyone is now familiar with this delicious vegetable, but most people do not realize how easy it is to grow. Simply sow the seed in the open ground in May and when the plants are large enough, transplant into the garden about 2½ feet apart.

The large center “head” is cut out when ready to use and the plant will then form numerous branch heads which can be used later, so a continuous supply may be had for a long time. A few plants set in June will give sufficient of this very popular delicacy for a medium sized family. Cultural directions for cabbage will also apply for broccoli.

Calabrese  
Pkt. 15c

The standard variety of sprouting broccoli, Calabrese is grown for home garden, for market, and recently in large quantities for freezing. Plants are tall, erect and vigorous, reaching 2½ to 3 feet in height under good conditions, with the central large, green, cauliflower-like head 5 to 6 inches in diameter.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS
This delicious vegetable has long been a favorite table delicacy. The delicate flavor is relished by hosts of people, but “sprouts” have been considered difficult to grow; on the contrary, it is very easy to produce first class sprouts. The plants are set out like cabbage and the sprouts that grow on the stem picked off as wanted. Sprouts are of better quality after having been frozen, so the plants may be left in the open ground until nearly December in the North and all winter south of New Jersey. If the plants are pulled and stored in a cool, not too dry place, you can have delicious sprouts for weeks longer.

A packet of seed will produce about 300 plants.

Long Island Improved  
Pkt. 15c

Compact plants 20 inches tall with solid, heavy sprouts measuring 1⅛ to 1½ inches in diameter which mature successively from bottom to top of the stem. 120 days to maturity.

CABBAGE
Start early cabbage in hothouse or house the middle of February. Late cabbage for winter use is sown in a seed-bed outdoors in late May or early June. Days to maturity are figured from the time the plants are set in the garden; allow 30 days to produce plants from seed.

YELOWRS-RESISTANT VARIETIES

With the increase in the number of localities having trouble with “yellows sick” soil, yellows-resistant varieties should be planted more widely. In many sections they are the only varieties which will succeed. Even if the yellows infection is slight, and the ordinary kinds can be grown, the yellows-resistant varieties usually do better and produce larger crops. The yellows-resistant varieties have been so improved in the past few years that in nearly all cases they are as true and uniform as the similar non-resistant kinds. Our stocks listed below are the best to be had.

A packet will produce about 250 plants.

Golden Acre, Yellows-Resistant  
Pkt. 15c

64 days. The earliest of the round-headed yellows-resistant cabbages. Heads are medium-sized, 5½ inches deep, 6 inches in diameter, and weigh 4 to 5 pounds each. Plants are short-stemmed, erect, with few outer leaves. A remarkably uniform and refined strain of exceptional quality and fair keeping ability. Nine days earlier than Marion Market, and as plants are smaller, they may be set closer.

Marion Market, Yellows-Resistant  
Pkt. 15c

73 days. The heads are almost round, very solid, 6½ to 7 inches deep, 8 inches across and weigh 5½ to 7 pounds each. Favorite early variety for market or home use. Quality is good.

CAULIFLOWER
There is no difficulty in getting fine firm heads when the plants are set out in June or early July so that the heads form in September and October if weather and soil conditions are normal. The seed should be sown in open ground or cold frames about the middle of May or first of June. When plants are large enough, transplant in rich, moist soil. Care must be taken that the plants do not become checked in growth, as that will cause them to head prematurely.

A packet will produce about 150 plants.

Super Snowball  
Pkt. 25c

A Large, Very Early Cauliflower. A grand variety, earlier than any other and on this account has been one of the most profitable varieties for the grower. It heads so early that often the largest part of the crop can be harvested before the later varieties are ready.

Those who want the largest and finest cauliflower early in the season will find the Super Snowball a most satisfactory kind. It requires good land and favorable growing conditions for best results. The plants are strong and vigorous and the leaves curl over the heads so as to protect them from the sun and keep them white until the heads are quite large.

KALE or BORECOLE

Kale is used as “greens” during the winter and early spring. The young and tender shoots that come out on the stalks make delicate greens. They are better after a few frosts in the fall. With a little protection, or when the snow is deep, kale will stand the winter without injury. It is grown in the same way as cabbage but for winter use the seed may be sown as late as July. Kale may also be grown without transplanting. Sow in May or June in rows 18 inches to 2 feet apart and thin to 12 to 15 inches in the row.

Dwarf Curled or Blue Scotch  
Pkt. 15c

We have an excellent and very even stock of this low-growing, spreading variety which is the one most commonly grown. The leaves are large, finely curled, of a deep bluish green color and excellent quality. Often used for garnishing like parsley.
SWEET CORN

Plant corn after all danger of frost has passed and the soil has become thoroughly warm. Sow either in rows 2½ to 4 feet apart, spacing the seeds 4 to 6 inches apart in the row and thinning later to 12 inches, or plant in hills 3 to 4 feet apart each way, allowing 2 to 4 plants to remain in each hill, depending on the fertility of your soil. Corn should never be planted in a single row. It is much better to plant in three or four rows side by side. This is because the pollen does not fertilize the ears well when planted in a single row.

For a continuous supply, sow varieties which mature in succession, also make succession sowings every 10 to 14 days, allowing enough time for your last planting to mature before the first expected frost in your locality. Sweet corn maturing in the fall is excellent.

A packet will plant about 40 hills, a pound 400 hills.

HYBRID SWEET CORN—Wilt Resistant
Hybrid corns are of special value to market growers, canners and many home gardeners because the ears from one planting mature at about the same time; in addition to this uniformity of maturity they are noted for their high yield and resistance to Stewart’s disease or bacterial wilt. Seed saved from hybrids will not come true to type the following year.

Golden Cross Bantam
Wilt Resistant—High Yielding—Uniform. For even growth, maturity and heavy yield of fine large ears, this stock is absolutely without equal. We wish everyone could see it compared with other strains. The ears have mostly 12 rows of golden yellow kernels, are uniform in length (about 6 inches) and of extremely fine quality. Usually filled to the stalk. Matures in 85 days, a large part of the crop ripening over a short period of time. This heavy yielding hybrid is resistant to Stewart’s disease (wilt). Illustrated on page 13. It should be eaten to be properly appreciated.

Lincoln
All-America Bronze Medal Winner. An early midseason hybrid yellow corn developed at the Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station. Ears are long, 8 to 9 inches long, tapering, well covered with husk, and have 12 to 16 rows filled to the tip with bright golden kernels of good quality. Tall grower. Desirable for home and market.

Marcross
Wilt Resistant—Early Hybrid. This is a fine very early hybrid (70 days), developed by the Connecticut Experiment Station a few years ago and already in wide demand. The stalks are short and sturdy, and produce large ears which are very uniform in shape and size. The ears are 7 inches long, mostly 12-rowed with light golden yellow kernels of very good quality. This variety is completely resistant to wilt (Stewart’s disease).

Golden Sunshine
A straight-rowed, 7-inch ear of early corn similar in most ways to Golden Bantam but carrying 10 to 12 rows of kernels. Not a hybrid corn.

WHITE CORN

Country Gentleman
Sometimes known as Shoe Peg because of the small round appearance of the grains. A productive midseason variety with ears 7 to 8 inches long, thickly filled with irregularly arranged, pure white, slender, luscious sweet kernels. Stalks grow 7 feet tall and often produce two perfect ears each. General favorite for the home garden and largely grown for that purpose. Valuable also for canning.

Stowell Evergreen Hybrid
A heavy cropping corn with large meaty kernels. Like Country Gentleman, it requires 90 days to mature but is well worth waiting for. Ears measure up to 8 inches long with 14 and more rows of kernels, unusually heavy for a sweet corn.

CELEERY

Good celery is not difficult to raise. The trouble most unskilled gardeners experience is in raising the plants. For very early planting the seed should be sown in the greenhouse or hatted in February or first of March. For the late crop the seed is sown in the open ground as early as possible. Great care must be taken not to cover the seed too deep. Most failures to get the seed to germinate are due to this cause.

Celery requires a rich, well-manured soil and plenty of moisture for best results. Soil, boards or celery paper may be used to blanch the stalks.

A packet of seed will produce about 400 plants.

Golden Plume or Wonderful
The best early celery in existence. It is quite resistant to blight and rot and possesses very good eating qualities. The sturdy plants are of medium size, stocky, compact, and have a solid, full, creamy heart of the highest table quality. The thick, heavy stalks Blanch readily to a beautiful light yellow; the flavor is distinctly nutty and rich.

Utah (Golden Crisp)
The stalks are large yet tender and with very little fiber and with a thick, well-developed heart. There are practically no soft stalks, which is unusual with green celery. This celery blanches quicker than many green varieties and when blanched is pure white, very crisp, brittle and altogether of the finest flavor. The firm hard stalks keep well and we can highly recommend this celery for winter storage.
CUCUMBERS

To supply fruits for summer use, make your first sowing of cucumbers after all danger of frost has passed. A second sowing in late June or early July will furnish cucumbers for fall use and pickling. They succeed best in a fertile, light, well-drained soil. Well-rotted manure in the hills and a side-dressing of commercial fertilizer are usually beneficial. For best results the fruit should be kept picked.

Plant in hills 4 to 5 feet apart, placing 8 to 10 seeds in each hill, and cover with 1/2 inch of soil. When plants are 6 to 8 inches high, thin to 3 to 4 plants to a hill. Crop will be ready in 8 weeks.

A packet of seed will plant 20 hills, an ounce about 80 hills or sow 50 feet of row.

A & C (Long White Spine) Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c

This new cucumber has proved very popular with growers because of the large yield of fine fruits. When ready to pick the fruit is smooth and straight, usually over 8 inches long and 2 inches in diameter. The skin is very dark green and altogether very attractive.

Marketeer Pkt. 15c, oz. 60c

All-America Selection. It has a smooth white spine and is an exceptionally uniform dark green down to the blossom end; very prolific on a vigorous vine, and about as perfect as cucumbers come. About eight inches long and two inches across.

National Pickling Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c

We are in stock of this very prolific pickling sort which was bred to meet the specifications of a number of the leading pickle packers to 3 to 4 plants to a hill. Crop will be ready in 8 weeks.

NEW CUCUMBER “CUBIT”

The newest and best cucumber, winner of All-America Bronze Medal for 1944. Cubit is a very prolific white-spined variety distinguished by unusually uniform dark green exterior color and long, blunt-ended cylindrical shape. The interior has a fine smooth but crisp texture with small seed area. It is admirably adapted to slicing and for “bread-and-butter” pickles.

Last year the early Marketeer won the Bronze Award, this year the main crop Cubit wins; both are the top-notch cucumbers offered.

Packet 25c

Straight Eight Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c

Very prolific. The cucumbers are about eight inches long when ready to use, always straight, very cylindrical and smooth and with blunt ends. The color is medium dark green with green rays at the blossom end. The veins are healthy and produce a large number of fine fruits. An excellent slicer, very attractive in appearance and of fine quality. White spine.

West India Gherkin Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c

This is the true West India or Burr Gherkin which is quite different from other types of cucumbers. The vines produce an astonishingly large crop of small, burr-like fruits, 2 to 3 inches long and 1 to 1 1/2 inches thick. The bright green skin is covered with fleshy spines or prickles. Used for pickling or relish.

EGGPLANT

A rich, sandy, warm soil produces the best plants and yields the highest number of fruits. Seed should be started in a hotbed or indoors in boxes or shallow pans, 8 to 9 weeks before the time to set the plants in the open ground. Keep the temperature between 70 and 90 degrees. When seedlings are about 3 inches high, plant singly into small pots, setting the plants in the open when all danger of frost is past and the soil has become thoroughly warm. After setting out, Black Beauty will mature in 10 weeks, New Hampshire in 8 weeks.

A packet of seed will produce about 50 plants.

Black Beauty Pkt. 15c

The rich purplish black fruits grow to an enormous size, but may be used while still quite small for they are tender and tasty at all stages. When fully developed they are blunt and broad at the blossom end, weigh several pounds each and are free from spines or thorns. The plants are productive, attractive, and of excellent quality. The picture on page 13 describes this variety better than mere words.

New Hampshire Hybrid Pkt. 15c

This early, highly productive eggplant is a real acquisition to growers who have difficulty raising good crops of eggplant in the North, and it has been enthusiastically welcomed by home gardeners everywhere. The fruit is oval in shape and of fine purple color. It is a little smaller than Black Beauty but of ideal size for table use. The most remarkable characteristics are its earliness and large yield. We have counted as many as 8 to 10 good fruits and several small ones on a single plant. This new variety is a fine home garden kind and has proved a most profitable market variety in many sections where seasons are short.

FENNEL OR FINNOCCHIO

The stalks are eaten raw as you would celery which it strongly resembles with the addition of a pleasing anise-like flavor. Eaten like celery, it is also grown much like it, maturing in 8 weeks.

Sow the seeds in rows 20 inches to 2 feet apart and thin or transplant so the plants stand 6 to 8 inches apart in the rows. Sow in rich soil in May or June, and again a month later for fall use. When the plants are half grown, drag earth up to them so as to Blanch the stalks.

Florence Pkt. 10c

The most widely grown variety. Produces large, firm stalks of the most uniform size and type.
LETTUCE

Even the smallest of home gardens can easily grow plenty of lettuce. By making successive sowings you can have a supply of lettuce throughout the season from little space. The loose-leaf varieties may be thinned to four to six inches when they come up and then every other one taken out and used as they get larger. To get really fine lettuce use the heading varieties and thin to 12 to 18 inches while the plants are still small.

A packet will sow about 30 feet of row, an ounce 250 feet.

**Bibb**
Pkt. 25c

These do not form solidly folded heads, but where the plants are grown singly at a suitable distance apart, they make a round, thick bunch of leaves which are blanched to a light green in the center of the plant. The leaves are not heavily curled or crumpled, attractive in appearance, and of delightful crispness and very distinct flavor. They are splendid to provide an extra-early supply of delicious salad and for growing in the greenhouse during the winter.

**Cosberg 680**
Pkt. 15c, oz. 35c

Honorable Mention, All-America Selections. A distinct crisp head-lettuce developed at Beltsville, Md., Station of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Bred for resistance to tip-burn and ability to head during hot, dry weather. Interior is solid, crisp, tender and of a remarkably sweet flavor, entirely free from any bitter taste. Wonderful home garden variety for summer use. Matures in 12 weeks.

**ENDIVE**

Endive makes excellent salads, especially in autumn. It is easily grown and takes little space in the garden. Sow in rows 18 inches apart, thinning the plants to a foot apart any time from early spring until July 1st in the northern states. The crop matures in 10 weeks for Deep Heart, 14 weeks for Batavian Cos. For fall and winter use the seeds should be sown about July 1st. To blanch, draw the outer leaves over the center and tie them, or they may be blanched by placing a narrow board down the center of the row over the heads. This should be done when the plants are nearly full grown. It is best to blanch a few at a time for family use.

A packet of seed will sow 10 feet of row.

**Deep Heart**
Pkt. 15c

Thick, large, dark green leaves with curled edges. Forms a medium-large compact head which readily blanches to light yellow. Also known as escarole.

**Batavian Cos**
Pkt. 15c

The young plants resemble Deep Heart but the leaves are much broader and rounder. As plants develop they become more erect and at maturity look like large Cos lettuce. The hearts are full and nicely blanched to a clear yellow; they have a distinct flavor, being sweet, and yet retain the tang of endive. All-America Honorable Mention Winner.

**"FRENCH ENDIVE" or WITLOOF CHICORY**

A packet of seed will produce 300 to 500 roots.

This so-called "French Endive" or more properly Witloof Chicory is a most appetizing and delicious salad and is so easily raised that everyone can enjoy it all winter with very little trouble. Seed sown in May or June produces roots which, when taken up in the fall, trimmed and covered with 10 inches of sand in a warm dark place, throw out large tender white sprouts which are used as salad. These sprouts are commonly called "French Endive".

**IMPERIAL N. Y. 44 LETTUCE**
Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c

This strain has an upright self-folding type of head, quite tall, and the leaves are of dark green color. The heads are cylindrical and very solid. Well liked for fall planting as it stands frost well.

**Grand Rapids**
Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c

Widely grown non-heading lettuce with intensely fringed and curled leaves. Used extensively for forcing in the greenhouse during winter, but is not less valuable for growing outdoors during the spring, summer and fall. Thick sowing will give an abundance of young tender leaves very early in the season, but if the plants are spaced 12 to 18 inches apart each way, they will produce immense round masses of tender, juicy, light green leaves of good flavor. Matures in 6 weeks.

**Early Curled Simpson**
Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c

Also known as Silesia or White-Seedled Simpson. The large plants have very light green, crumpled and slightly frilled leaves. Forms a compact bunch of crisp, brittle leaves of excellent flavor. Tender, succulent, and of decidedly piquant taste. Fine for spring and early summer use. Matures in 6 weeks.

**Imperial N. Y. No. 44**
Pkt. 15c, oz. 60c

One of the best of the new heat-resistant lettuces, resistant to tipburn and sure to head, even during hot, dry weather. The heads are medium large, slightly flattened and extremely compact.

**Triamo Self-Folding**
Pkt. 10c, oz. 40c

The Best Cos Lettuce. Makes a compact upright growth of large heads a foot high which blanch perfectly white inside. The flavor is somewhat "sweeter" than most lettuce and is relished by many people. The surest heading strain. Matures in 12 weeks.

**White Boston**
Pkt. 10c, oz. 40c

One of the most successful and largest selling of all butterhead lettuces. The large heads are tightly folded over the top so that the solid heart blanches to a bright creamy yellow of high quality and fine texture. The outer leaves are a uniform light green entirely free from brown markings or reddish tinge. Used extensively for home gardens throughout the country both under glass and in the open. Matures in 11 weeks.
MUSKMELON - CANTALOupe

It is Not Hard to Raise Melons

It is much easier to raise melons than is usually supposed and they are so delicious that everyone who has a sunny garden should have some. All that is required is a good rich soil that is not too heavy and a warm, sunny situation.

Sow the seed after the soil has warmed up and the weather is quite settled, putting 8 to 10 seeds in a circle in slightly raised hills and cover the seed with one inch of fine soil. The hills should be spaced 4 to 6 feet apart each way. Thin to 2 to 3 plants to a hill after the plants are well established. Well-rotted manure placed beneath the hill and side dressings of commercial fertilizer after the plants have begun to grow are usually beneficial.

A packet of seed will plant about 20 hills.

Beader's Surprise

This melon is by far the most popular of the larger melons. The fruits are big and heavy, many weighing 10 lbs. or more. The flesh is very thick, deep orange in color and very fine flavor. The skin is light green, turning to a deep golden tint when ripe. The netting is so heavy and the flesh so firm and thick that these melons will remain firm and actually improve in quality for five or six days after picking.

In season the Beader is medium early and in a favorable year, if the seed is planted in the open ground by the middle of May, they will ripen the last of August.

Hearts of Gold

This is the most popular of all the cantaloupes. The melons are almost perfectly round, thickly netted and very firm, with thick flesh of deep orange color. The flesh is sweet and of excellent flavor and ripens close to the rind. The melons grow to medium size and the vines are vigorous, free from blight and very productive. One week earlier than Beader's Surprise.

Rocky Ford

Rocky Ford cantaloupe, when ripe, has a silver-colored netting which is lace-like in appearance. The skin is green, turning to a peculiar gray color when the melons are fit for eating. The flesh is green and so sweet and luscious that it may be eaten close to the rind. Fruits are oval-shaped, firm and solid, weighing 1 1/2 to 2 pounds, slightly ribbed, with a medium-sized seed cavity. There are larger melons, but none to surpass Rocky Ford in table quality.

PARSLEY

Parsley takes up very little room in the garden and is always appreciated for garnishing and flavoring. Does well in either sun or shade and does not require any particular kind of soil. Sow in the spring or summer where the plants can be left until the following spring. Some plants can be transplanted into boxes of earth and kept in a light cellar or kitchen window for winter use.

A packet will sow 50 feet of row, an ounce 200 feet.

Evergreen

Attractive mass-like leaves of bright green, very finely cut and curled.

Paramount Triple Curled

The Best Felter. Outstanding for the uniformity of its thin, curled dark leaves. The color is most attractive, a rich deep green and there are no flat leaves. Altogether a superb variety for the home garden. All-America Winner.

Plain or Single

Plain dark green, deeply cut but not curled leaves with rich flavor; grown extensively for soup bunches.

PARSLEY

This fine vegetable should be in every home garden. A few rows will supply the needs of a family. The roots can be dug and stored in a dry outdoor or in moist dirt in a cool cellar and will supply a welcome addition to the winter vegetables. Should be left in the ground until they are frozen. Try some "French fried" parsnips, they are delicious.

Sow seed in May in rows 2 feet apart in finely pulverized soil and cover the seed only 1/3 inch deep. Thin the plants to 4 inches apart.

A packet of seed will sow about 25 feet of row, an ounce 150 feet.

Giant Smooth Hollow Crown

Does best in deep prepared soil. Fully developed roots are 15 inches long and 2 3/4 inches thick at the shoulder and remarkably free from side roots. Fine-grained white flesh of superior flavor. Heavy yielder.

ONIONS

The soil best suited to grow onions is one that is reasonably fertile, well-drained and well prepared. Sow seed as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, in rows 1 to 1 1/2 feet apart. Cover the seed lightly. If fully matured onions are wanted, thin the seedlings when 3 to 4 inches tall to stand sufficiently far apart to develop without touching one another. When the bulbs have reached maturity, bend down the tips to hasten ripening before the onions are harvested. Store in a cool, dry, free-from-frost place over winter.

A packet of seed will sow about 25 feet of row.

Sweet Spanish, Utah Strain

The very large, globe-shaped Spanish onions, which are sometimes incorrectly called "Bermudas" are exceptionally mild, fine-grained and sweet—excellent when cooked or for use in salads or other ways without cooking. They are remarkably uniform, have light yellow skin and pure white, firm, crisp and tasty flesh.

Seed sown in the open ground in the early spring will produce magnificent large globe-shaped onions often weighing a pound or more and of very mild pleasant flavor. Although onions of this type will not keep as long in storage as Yellow Globe Danvers, Utah Sweet Spanish will stand shipping and storage for short periods. Onions of this Spanish type grow to the largest size when they are planted to form their bulbs during the short days of spring or fall. In northern states, seed is usually started early.

Southport White Globe

Of perfect globe shape, very firm and solid, perfectly white in color and of fine quality. This is an excellent kind for home gardens where first class quality is appreciated. To get perfectly white onions the bulbs should be pulled as soon as matured and dried in the shade.

Yellow Globe Danvers

One of the most widely planted yellow globe onions, whether for home gardens, market crops or for the production of onion sets. Produces medium-sized bulbs which are globular in shape, light golden brown in color and remarkably smooth, firm and uniform. The flesh is yellowish white and strong in flavor. A great favorite because it is dependable, productive and a good winter keeper. See illustration on page 13.

LEEK

Leek is a kind of onion that does not form any bulb, but grows in a long thick stem which is blanched by drawing earth around it. When blanched it makes an appetizing salad, or can be eaten like green onions. The seed is sown in the spring and the leek is ready to use in the fall. If given a little protection with dirt it will last over winter and give a very welcome addition to the early spring menu.

American Flag or Giant Musselburgh

This is the standard variety with large stalks, having the white part extended well up the stalk.
**PEAS**

There is no more delicious vegetable than fresh, young green peas picked right off the vines in your garden and cooked immediately. If the garden is small, sow all the land you can spare. When you are eating and enjoying luscious green peas from your own garden you will not regret the space they take. After the peas are gone the ground can be used for late cabbage, turnips, spinach, lettuce, etc. It is well to sow early, medium and late kinds at the same time so they will mature in succession. This is better than to sow one kind three or four times during the season.

A packet will sow about 10 feet of row, a pound 100 feet.

**Alderman**

Pkt. 10c, lb. 45c

72 days. The Best Tall Variety. This is an improved Telephone and it is by far the best variety at this type, yielding more than any other kind. The pods are large, pointed, while the vines are of robust growth and very prolific. The pods are immense, often 5 inches long and contain 8 to 10 large peas. Matures medium late. For best results give the vines support.

**Carters Daisy or Dwarf Telephone**

Pkt. 10c, lb. 45c

79 days. Popular late-crop pea for home and market. Vines grow about 24 inches tall, are stout and invariably bear a good crop of attractive large pods, 4½ inches long, broad, straight and pointed, containing 7 to 9 large, round, luscious peas of the most excellent quality and fine flavor.

**Laxton's Progress**

Pkt. 10c, lb. 50c

63 days. This is one of the largest and best of the medium early dwarf varieties. The vines are 15 to 18 inches high and the pods 4 to 4½ inches long, deep green and well filled with dark green peas of high quality. It is the standard medium early variety and is one of the most widely grown peas, both for home and commercial use. Illustrated on page 13.

**Mammoth Potted Extra Early**

Pkt. 10c, lb. 50c

60 days. Large-podded, smooth-seeded, early pea. Pods are blunt, 3 inches long, medium green and contain 8 large peas of fine quality, well adapted to home and market growing because early maturity and large yields. Light green peas grow 30 inches high, the pods being produced for a number of days.

**Mammoth Melting Sugar**

Pkt. 10c, lb. 50c

75 days. The best known of the edible-podded peas. Vines grow about 3 feet tall and are most productive. The fleshy, tender, 5 inch pods are broad and blunt-ended, sweet and delicious. White-seeded. Stringless when young.

**Thomas Laxton**

Pkt. 10c, lb. 40c

65 days. Plants grow 2½ feet and more in height. Pods are 3½ inches long, broad, straight, well filled, dark green and have squarish ends. Each pod contains 6 to 8 large, tender peas of the very finest flavor. An early high quality, all-purpose pea that is popular with all gardeners whether for home or market. Always a sure cropper, in some seasons in the East it will outyield many of the larger podded varieties.

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**PEPPERS**

Peppers are not difficult to raise if the right seed is used and the plants are set out early on rather warm, rich soil. If the peppers are kept picked before they turn red, the plants will produce great numbers of fruits. Seed should be sown in the greenhouse or indoors in flats, or in hotbeds in March or April and grown in flats before setting outdoors. When sowing pepper seed, cover very lightly and keep the soil moist and very warm. The seed will not germinate unless kept very warm all the time.

A packet of seed will produce about 75 plants.

**California Wonder**

Pkt. 15c

All that you could ask for in a stuffing pepper—good size, blocky form, remarkably thick walls, sweetness, tenderness and good flavor. Because of the thickness of its flesh, it will stand handling without bruising or breaking. Peppers are about 4 inches long and 3 to 3½ inches in diameter, 3 and 4-colored and are borne upright. The skin is very smooth, glossy green, turning to bright crimson when ripe. Unsurpassed for baking. See picture on page 14.

**Hungarian Wax (Hot)**

Pkt. 10c

This is very beautiful in the garden, the fruit turning from green to light yellow when young and then red as they ripen. It is quite hot or pungent. It matures quite early and the plants are very prolific.

**Oshkosh**

Pkt. 15c

The Largest and Best Yellow Pepper. Oshkosh, especially when ripe, is the finest pepper we know for “Stuffed Peppers”. They can be used either green or ripe and when stuffed and baked are so mild and sweet that they readily melt in your mouth. The plants are strong and compact and under normal conditions produce excellent yields of large peppers. The color is deep green, turning to deep orange-yellow when ripe. The flesh is very thick.

**Worldbeater**

Pkt. 10c

Bears large fruit often 4 inches long and 3 inches in diameter. The fruit is deep green, turning red when ripe. Matures medium early. These peppers are mild and sweet and very thick fleshed. Under proper conditions it is an extremely heavy bearer but is more suited to climates south of New York.
#### For Victory Gardeners

**A COMPLETE VEGETABLE COLLECTION**

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<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Packet Price</th>
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<td>Packet 15c</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bush Bean, Bountiful</td>
<td>Packet 10c</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bush Bean, Yellow Bountiful</td>
<td>Packet 15c</td>
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<td>Carrot, Tendersweet</td>
<td>Packet 15c</td>
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<td>Corn, Golden Cross Bantam</td>
<td>Packet 15c</td>
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<td>Cucumber, Markeeteer</td>
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<td>Eggplant, Black Beauty</td>
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<td>Onion, Yellow Globe Danvers</td>
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<td>Pea, Laxton's Progress</td>
<td>Packet 10c</td>
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<td>Pepper, California Wonder</td>
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<td>Pole Lima Bean, Ideal</td>
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<td>Radish, Comet</td>
<td>Packet 10c</td>
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**Complete Vegetable Garden**

**AN OUTSTANDING GROUP**

14 Packets (One Each of the Above) **$1.75**

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(See page 8)

CORN, GOLDEN CROSS BANTAM

(See page 8)

ONION, YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS

(See page 11)

EGGPLANT, BLACK BEAUTY

(See page 9)
**RADISHES**

To get the best radishes in the open ground, the soil should be loose and quite rich. A little nitrate of soda applied as soon as the radishes come up will help a good deal. Sow the seed in rows 4 feet apart and thin the plants to 2 inches apart. Dusting the ground with lime or gypsum before the seed comes up will help keep the flies out and prevent injury by maggots. By sowing radish seed in August or the first part of September, much better radishes can be raised than in the spring and summer, as they are not usually injured by maggots in the fall.

*A packet will sow 15 to 20 feet of row, or ounce about 75 feet.*

**Comet**

Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c

*All-America Winner.* Bred to meet the increasing demand for an early radish that is round instead of olive-shaped. Comet fills the bill; the roots are globe to olive-shaped, bright scarlet, small tap-roots. For eating and keeping qualities it is surpassed by none; it will remain crisp and solid for a long time. Tops are large enough for convenient bunching. Best described by its picture on page 14.

**Crimson Giant Globe**

Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c

Sweet, crisp, juicy, brittle; a wonderful yielder. A fine giant bright red radish. This radish differs from most others as the roots attain a large size without becoming hollow or flabby. They are a perfect globe, 2 inches in depth, 1½ inches in diameter, with thin, tender skin of deep crimson and solid white flesh. It is a very popular variety, of large size and the finest quality. Early, notwithstanding its size, Sow seed thinly to permit full development of the roots, and for the biggest radishes, see that the soil is moderately moist, fertile and deeply prepared. Crimson Giant should be thinned to a wider spacing than smaller varieties. We suggest leaving at least 2 inches between plants for full development.

French Breakfast

Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c

Oblong or deep olive-shaped, 1½ inches long and ¾ inch wide. Bright rose-scarlet skin, shading to clear white in the lower portion. The flesh is white, firm and crisp; juicy, mildly pungent and tender. A quick grower and exceedingly popular for home or market as well as for forcing. Tops are very short with radishes showing partly above the ground.

Round Black Spanish

Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c

This variety should be sown in July and August as it does not succeed if sown in the spring. It is excellent for fall and winter use, and will keep for a long time in sand and in the cellar. To get best growth give plenty of room, thinning to three to five inches while young. The short, smooth, round globe is deep black outside and the flesh is white, crisp and of fine quality. Keep all winter stored in moist sand.

Scarlet Globe

Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c

This grand radish has established a good reputation as a forcing sort. Grows round to olive-shaped, bright scarlet radishes, 1 inch in diameter. It is crisp and tasty, with fine white flesh and a medium-sized top, just right for bunching. Does particularly well in the home garden.

White Icicle

Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c

Skin is pure white, thin and tender; flesh is icy white, crisp, juicy perfectly mild and of a delightfully sweet flavor with just enough pungency to appeal to the appetite. Remains solid, being fully as good when 1 inch across as when only ½ inch. The roots grow 5 inches in length and are the shape of an icicle, straight and free from side roots. Scarlet for either spring or fall use, whether for home or market. Thorough and deep soil preparation is advisable to secure well-formed, uniform roots. Should be in every garden.

**SPINACH**

Spinach may be sown very early in the spring. It will be ready for use in four or five weeks after sowing. For fall use, sow August 1st; to winter over, sow about September 1st in this latitude, later further south.

Spinach runs to seed quickly in hot weather, so the seed should be sown early in the spring or late in the summer in order to avoid having the crop mature in July or August. If sown about August 1st, Spinach will grow large and can be used from the first of September until the ground freezes.

*A packet of seed will sow 25 to 30 feet of row, an ounce 80 feet.*

**Bloomsdale Long Standing**

Quick-growing hardy spinach much planted for home use as well as for canning. The glossy green leaves are intensely crinkled and blistered, in addition to being of a very heavy texture. Remains in the rosette stage for a long time without bolting. This characteristic adapts it to later spring planting than other spinach. In addition to spring planting, it is valuable for sowing in the fall. All these desirable qualities make it a foremost variety in every regard; easy to harvest, easy to clean.

**Nobel**

Pkt. 10c, oz. 90c

The largest as well as the heaviest producer of all, with thick, dark green leaves that are huge in size, rather smooth and quite succulent. Very crisp, tender, of extremely delicious flavor. Stands long before bolting.

**Virginia Savoy**

Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c

A yellow-resistant strain of interesting history brought about by the crossing with a Manchurian sort. This type is only suited for sowing during early fall months for fall cutting. It endures cold well and will give very early spinach next spring to those who winter it over.

**New Zealand**

Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c

Although this is not a true spinach, it has become one of the most popular summer "greens". The leaves resemble spinach and are produced in abundance on stems a foot or more in length. It will grow during hot, dry weather when other spinach would fail entirely and a few feet of row in the garden will furnish nice "greens" all summer. The seed is slow to germinate and should be soaked 24 hours before planting.
SQUASH

Summer Squash. Is easy to grow and will produce enormous crops all summer if the fruits are kept picked off as soon as they are ready to use. More fruit comes on and you can have a continuous supply right up until frost. All types of summer squash, cocozelle, etc., are much better to eat if they are used when still young and tender.

A packet of seed of summer varieties will plant 3 to 4 hills, on ounce 15 hills.

Winter Squash. Has a large “running” vine and varieties such as Blue Hubbard, Royal Acorn, etc., should be planted 6 to 8 feet apart as the vines often extend 20 feet in all directions. Fruits may be used before the skin hardens, but the quality will be better if they are allowed to form a hard shell.

A packet of seed of winter varieties will plant 6 to 8 hills, on ounce 30 hills.

Blue Hubbard

Blue Hubbard is in a class by itself. This squash is a very heavy yielder and the truest, most uniform stock grown. The fruit is attractive blue-gray color, large, rough and rugged. The flesh is thick, of deep yellow color and of fine flavor and texture.

Buttercup

This is an excellent high quality small winter squash which has become extremely well liked for home gardens. The squash are small (4 to 6 pounds) and of unusual shape but have extremely thick flesh, dry, sweet and of very smooth texture, entirely free of stringiness.

Early Giant Crookneck

The old-fashioned summer squash with curved necks. This is an even, thick-necked stock, deep golden yellow and very warty. Dwarf or bush vines.

Early Yellow Prolific

This is a grand dwarf summer squash and a distinct triumph in plant breeding. The squash are very attractive, smaller than the old straight-neck, smooth, straight and a beautiful clear yellow. There is not a trace of green even in the very young fruit. The vine is dwarf, extremely prolific and early.

This is a very profitable kind for market and an excellent kind for the home garden, as a few plants will give an abundance of beautiful summer squash of the finest quality if the young fruit is kept picked.

Fordhook Zucchini

Honorale Mention, All-America Selections. A streamlined Zucchini squash, long, slim and intense dark green. At best table stage, fruits are 12 inches long, 2 inches across, cylindrical, smooth, deep blackish green, straight to very slightly curved. If used at this size the skin need not be removed. Bush-like plants, small enough for any home garden. Easy to grow and very prolific.

Fordhook Zucchini may be prepared in any way that summer squashes are served—fried in batter or deep fat, stewed or baked. Flesh is creamy white, extremely tender and the seeds are scarcely noticeable. If left to grow, fruits may attain a length of 2 feet and a diameter of 3½ inches; they may be used as long as the skin can be pierced with a thumb.

Royal Acorn (Mammoth Table Queen)

Many people have wanted a larger sized squash of Table Queen or Acorn type and this new strain fills the bill. The fruits have the same fine and fine dark green color as the small original Acorn squash but are considerably larger, measuring 6 to 7 inches long and 5 inches across. The flesh is thick and excellent for baking and the vines are strong, hardy and productive. We recommend this new large strain most highly, both for home and market.

SWISS CHARD

Swiss chard is really a beet grown for its leaves. The entire leaf may be boiled and served as spinach or the midrib cooked alone like asparagus. Either way they are excellent. Sown in the spring, the leaves are soon ready to eat and if cut will continue to grow and produce tender leaves all summer and fall. If given a little protection it will survive the winter and make unusually good greens early in the spring.

A packet of seed will sow 15 feet of row, an ounce 50 feet.

Fordhook Giant

The Best Variety. The leaves are dark green, very large, much curled, thick of texture yet quite tender, making excellent boiling greens. The stems are pure white, broad and thick and make a unusual vegetable when cooked separately.

Lucullus

Well-known variety of Swiss Chard for which some culinary experts claim first place on account of its mild, spinach-like flavor. The light green leaves grow to a very large size, are heavily savoyed, crumpled and tender when cooked. The thick white stalks are splendid for creaming like asparagus and provide a most appetizing dish.

TURNIPS

Turnips should be sown late in the summer. In the Northern states the seed of the quick-growing kinds, like Purple Top White Globe should be sown about the middle of July or the first of August and the slower kinds a week or two earlier. Farther south, turnips may be sown later. Turnips do best on rather light, moist soil and are of superior quality when they grow rapidly on rich land.

A packet of seed will sow 50 feet of row, an ounce 300 feet.

Golden Ball

The Best Yellow Globe. A handsome, early yellow turnip as round as a ball; smooth, golden yellow skin and fine-grained yellow flesh. An excellent yellow turnip for table and market.

Improved Long Island

A fine strain of purple top yellow rutabagas. The roots are very handsome, being bright yellow with purple tops and practically no “neck”. They grow to a large size, round or globe-shaped, very smooth and of excellent quality for table use. It is one of the best for this purpose.

Purple Top White Globe

The roots grow to large size, measuring 6 inches across. They are nearly round and show a bright purplish red color on the upper part of the root which extends above the surface of the ground. The lower part is creamy white. The white flesh is firm, crisp and of mild flavor, raw or cooked. Very popular for home garden, market shipping and winter storage.
**TOMATOES**

Tomatoes should be in every garden. It is quite simple to grow your own plants. Sow the seed in a hotbed or in a shallow box in the house, allowing 3 to 6 weeks to produce plants large enough for setting outdoors when weather becomes warm. Sow in rows 3 inches apart and cover with ¼ inch of soil. When plants are about 2 inches tall, transplant to stand 4 inches apart each way, or pot singly in 3-inch pots. Plant outdoors when all danger of frost is past, in rows 4 feet apart and 3 to 4 feet apart in the row.

**Explanation of Certified Seed**

Seed listed as “Certified” is produced from crops that were inspected and certified as to trueness to type and freedom from disease by the Agricultural Department of the state in which they were grown.

- **Golden Globe**
  - **Deep Orange-yellow Fruit of Finest Quality.** A distinctive new variety with deep globe shape, firm, solid flesh, and high yield on strong, sturdy vines. The fruit, instead of being red, has orange-yellow skin and rich orange-yellow flesh. The quality is fine and they are most attractive when sliced; the juice is rich, full-flavored and orange colored, much superior to ordinary tomato juice. Not an early variety but normally ripens good crops before frost. Pictured on page 14.
  - **Pkt. 15c**

- **Marlboro Certified**
  - **Blight-Resistant.** The tomatoes are large, globe-shaped, smooth, color perfectly all over and are of deep red color all through. The vines are vigorous and resist blight well even in very wet weather. The fruit ripens medium late. It is so large, smooth and handsome that it is excellent for home gardens, canning or any other purpose. See picture on page 13.
  - **Pkt. 15c**

- **Rutgers Certified**
  - **A commercial variety of great importance in most of the Eastern and Southern States.** It is suitable for canning, juicing, and for long distance shipping. Large fruit size, 6½ to 7½ ounces, makes it favored over many other popular tomatoes. Globular in shape, slightly flattened, smooth, bright red and with heavy walls and small cells. Vine is vigorous, heavy and wilt-resistant to a high degree.
  - **Pkt. 15c**

- **Pritchard or Scarlet Topper Certified**
  - **The ideal all-purpose tomato for growing in soil of high fertility.** The “self-topping” habit prevents excessive vine growth under all conditions. Produces an abundant crop of bright red, globe-shaped fruits of medium size and excellent quality. Very smooth and uniform. This tomato has been quite resistant to “cracking”. It is free from acidity and altogether a tomato of exceptionally fine quality.
  - **Pkt. 15c**

- **Victor Certified**
  - **All-America Selection.** This new tomato has the rare combination of fine points sought by breeders for years, i.e., extra early fruit, borne in great abundance, but so smooth, firm, solid and fine colored that it compares well with many later varieties in this respect. This variety ripens large clusters of fruit when the other early kinds have only one or two ripe fruits. The fruits are of good size (average 4½ ozs.) light green when young, changing to a bright red all over, smooth and handsome and with no green spots. They are firm and solid and of excellent quality. The vine is of the sturdy determinate type, which can be planted close together (2 x 3 feet is recommended) thus producing a much larger yield of early fruit for the space used.
  - **Pkt. 15c**

**WATERMELONS**

Rich, rather sandy soil produces the finest crops of watermelons, but a well-drained loam is also suitable. Two shovelfuls of well decomposed manure should be mixed with the soil under each hill. Watermelons should not be planted until the weather is quite warm. The hills should be about 6 to 8 feet apart. Place 6 to 8 seeds in a circle in each hill and cover ½ inch deep with fine soil. Thin to 2 or 3 plants in each hill. Larger and better watermelons can be obtained if all but 2 or 3 are removed from each vine.

- **A packet of seed will plant about 8 hills, an ounce 25 to 30 hills.**

- **Kleckley Sweets Improved**
  - **Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c**
  - **A large melon that has a tough rind which makes it ideal for long distance shipping. The skin is an attractive, solid, bluish green color. The flesh is dark red, of fine texture and delectable flavor. Fruits are 12 inches in diameter and 24 inches in length and weigh up to 40 pounds. Splendid for home garden as well as for market.**

**STAKING TOMATOES ASSURES EVEN RIPENING AND PERMITS CLOSER PLANTING**

**SMALL FRUITED TOMATOES**

These pretty little tomatoes are very useful for serving whole in salads, for preserves and pickles and for ornaments. They grow in clusters which ripen at one time. The vines are large and vigorous and produce an astonishing quantity of fruit.

- **Italian Red Pear**
  - **Pkt. 20c**
  - **This tomato is most prized by Italians for making their famous “tomato paste”. It is also used extensively for canning. These tomatoes canned whole make a delightful change from ordinary canned tomatoes. The fruit is very solid with thick walls and deep red in color throughout. It is true pear-shape but three or four times as large as the ordinary red pear tomatoes. Borne in clusters of 4 to 7 fruits on strong vines.**

- **Red Cherry**
  - **Bright red fruit about the size of a large cherry.**
  - **Pkt. 20c**

- **Yellow Cherry**
  - **Bright yellow fruit, similar in shape to Red Cherry.**
  - **Pkt. 20c**
flowerfield

ANNUAL FLOWERS

- FOR BRILLIANT COLORS, MASSES OF FLOWERS
- TO SUPPLEMENT THE PERENNIAL BORDERS
- TO "FILL IN" YOUR BULB GARDEN

Flowerfield offers a very carefully selected list of the finest Annual Flower Seeds. With the many demands made on our individual efforts, the gardener, more than any other, realizes the importance of dispensing with the non-essentials, the "almost good" in gardening needs. Here you will find the best, not only in the kind of flowers to grow, but the finest strain of each flower. We have chosen each individual variety with experienced judgment, and on strictly comparative merits. We believe that you will want the best seeds obtainable for your 1944 garden.

AGERATUM

Adapted to either full sun or part shade. Plants bloom through entire summer. Unexcelled as an edging plant.

**Blue Ball**
Deep blue flowers of feathery texture, clustered together to form a ball-like head on mounded plants 6 to 8 inches tall, and 12 inches across.

**Fairy Pink**
A pale rose colored variety from Mexico. The flower clusters are freely produced on plants 5 inches high. Compact habit. Exquisite with pastel petunias.

**Midget Blue**
All-America Selection Silver Medal Winner. Dwarf plants 4 inches high with a spread of 15 inches. The tiny violet-blue flowers almost hide the foliage during the blooming period. Use it next to deep blue pansies in a mixed ribbon border, in front of marigolds.

ALYSSUM - Sweet Alyssum

Easily grown, free flowering plants popular for use in beds, borders, edgings, rock gardens, and window boxes. In bloom all during summer months and fall. Delicately fragrant.

**Carpet of Snow**
Pkt. 15c; 1/4 oz. 65c
Pure white flowers, fairly cover the foliage of the dwarf plants, that seldom grow over 5 inches in height. Of spreading habit, useful for an informal edging or ground cover.

**Little Gem**
Pkt. 20c; 1/4 oz. 70c
Pure white, growing 4 inches high, but compact in habit. Ideal for use as a ribbon border and where a neat edge is desired.

**Violet Queen**
Pkt. 20c; 1/4 oz. 60c
Deep blue-violet, dwarf, sweetly scented. A completely new variety, free-flowering and unusual in color. It creates a wonderful effect as a border for white bedding petunias.

For Earliest Bloom

HOW TO PREPARE YOUR SEED BOXES, POTS OR FLATS FOR EARLY PLANTING OF ANNUALS AND PERENNIALS

Select a shallow receptacle or flat, 3 to 4 inches deep, having a hole or holes in the bottom for drainage.

Make a mixture of good garden soil and an equal amount of clean sand to which add some leaf mold or fine peat moss. Sift the mixture free of all roughage and stones. Fill your receptacle about 3/4 full, gently pressed down.

The seed should be sown on the surface and lightly covered with sandy soil. After sowing, gently press down. Do not cover very fine seed, just press down gently into the soil. Be sure to label each variety for future identification, using our patented label stakes attached to each packet of Flowerfield seed.

Plunge the receptacle into water allowing the water to soak up from the bottom. If it is necessary to water from the top, do it carefully with a fine gentle spray. Keep your flats moist but not wet. To keep dark, cover with a sheet of newspaper, but remove the paper as soon as the seeds have sprouted and place the seed box in a light location.

Transplant after seedlings have made their second leaves, and have become large enough to handle. Allow each plant about 2 inches of space or plant singly in 2-inch pots until you are ready to plant in the garden.
**WILT-RESISTANT ASTERS**

Asters are magnificent cut flowers as well as lovely border subjects. While most easily grown, they prefer a rich, well-drained soil and plenty of sunshine. It is well to plant in new soil each year. Flowerfield offers only wilt-resistant strains.

**EARLY GIANT ASTERS**

The finest early large-flowered, heavy stemmed wilt-resistant aster. Flowers large and full, composed of long fluffy petals that curl over. Bloom in mid-August, growing to a height of 1 to 1 1/2 feet.

Dawn Blue

A pastel shade of definite character, best described as light lavender with a bluish cast.

Pkt. 25c

Rose Marie

Beautiful flowers of full rich color, desirable to use with other color arrangement. Typical habit of this Early Giant class.

Pkt. 25c

**SUPER GIANT ASTERS**

Somewhat later in blooming than the Early Giant, this magnificent new introduction is the largest of all. Flowers from 6 to 8 inches across, made up of long curled fluffy petals, creating flowers that rival Giant Chrysanthemums in beauty. Plants are 2 1/2 feet tall.

El Monte

Deep glowing crimson throughout. A wonderful color in this large flowered Super Giant class. Flowers are borne on unusually strong stems that rise right from the base of the plants without branching.

Pkt. 25c

Los Angeles

The huge size of the flowers is made even more striking by the color, which is pure shell-pink. No disbudding is necessary to secure these wonderful flowers.

Pkt. 25c

**IMPROVED GIANT CREGO**

Blooms early September. Plants robust, branching, about 2 1/2 feet tall. Flowers large, double, curled and interlaced. One of the finest varieties for all purposes.

Azure-Blue

Clear sky-blue, delicate color. Graceful flower.

Pkt. 20c

Crimson Glory

Brilliant crimson.

Pkt. 20c

Enchantress

A lovely salmon-rose flower.

Pkt. 20c

Shell-Pink

A lovely soft, retined pink, exquisite in its delicacy of coloring and fineness of form.

Pkt. 25c

White Cloud

Twisted ribbon petals of pure white.

Pkt. 20c

Finest Mixed Crego

Pkt. 20c

**PRINCESS ASTERS**

A delight to the home gardener who wants a good cut flower for the house that will keep well. Flowers are 3 to 3 1/2 inches across and have full crested centers, surrounded by strong guard petals. Grow 18 to 24 inches tall and bloom in mid-August.

**Princess Bonnie**

A very beautiful soft salmon-rose shade with the center rich gold while opening; a luscious new color combination in asters.

Pkt. 25c

The color of a peach blossom, opening a delicate pink and turning rose-pink as the flowers mature.

**GIANT CALIFORNIA SUNSHINE**

Mixed Colors

Pkt. 25c

A fascinating aster type. The large daisy-like flowers, 4 to 5 inches across, are composed of a single row of long narrow petals, surrounding a small yellow quill-like disc. Branching plants are 2 1/2 feet tall with strong stems, fine for cutting. Bloom in midseason. We offer a fine blend of pastel shades.

**AMERICAN BEAUTY ASTERS**

Begin to bloom in early September with prettily incurred broad petals making up full, globular flowers four inches across. Noted for long stems that make them one of the best sources of good fall flowers. Branching in habit, growing 2 to 2 1/2 feet.

Mixed Colors

Pkt. 20c, 1/2 oz. 50c

**IMPROVED AMERICAN BRANCHING ASTERS**

From late August until frost, their branching habit produces many stems and innumerable cut flowers 3 1/2 to 4 inches across. Petals rather straight and broad, making up flowers somewhat flat, with tight, full centers. A dazzling blaze of color when left untouched.

Mixed Colors

Blue, pink, purple, scarlet and white in a glorious array of beauty.

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**Extra Early Giant Crego Navy Blue**

Pkt. 35c

All-America Selection. First of a new race of large flowered early asters. Blooms are 4 to 5 inches across, of dark midnight blue with gracefully curled and twisted petals. Plants are of branching habit and grow 2 feet tall. Can be had in bloom in June if seeds are started early indoors. Wonderful cut flower.

**Victory Giants Mixed Colors**

Pkt. 35c

All-America Selection. An extra early aster of the well-known Crego type with long ribbon-like gracefully curled and twisted petals. Very large double flowers four or five inches across, on stems 1 1/2 to 2 feet long. The vigorous, freely branching plants grow 2 to 3 feet tall. Bloom from midseason to frost. Illustrated, page 24.
RUST-RESISTANT ANTIRRHINUMS
(Snapdragons)

Bloom all summer until frost. Lovely plants with glossy, clean foliage above ground above which the flower spikes hold their heads with proud beauty. Tolerant of full sun or part shade. Excellent for cutting.

SUPER GIANTS—3 feet tall

Alaska
Handsome, pure white blooms well displayed on large attractive spikes. The best tall white Snapdragon. Try it in a blue and white border.

Pkt. 20c

Apple Blossom
Delicate rose-pink with a blotch of yellow on the lip. Enchanting color for cutting and flower arrangements.

Pkt. 20c

Indian Summer
Autumnal colors of coppery orange with scarlet blotch. Effective note in the mixed border.

Pkt. 20c

Red Cross
Interesting variety, dark red florets with a pure white tube. Commands attention because of vivid color contrast.

Pkt. 20c

Yellow Giant
Clear deep yellow with white tube. Looks sparkling and clean in the garden.

Pkt. 20c

Mixed Giants
Superb mixture of many colors of Super Giants. Unexcelled for cutting.

Pkt. 20c

BEDDING VARIETIES—24 inches

Defiance
Brilliant scarlet flowers; a much desired color.

Pkt. 20c

Reveille
Deep luminous yellow with the upper lip of each floret toning to a lighter lemon-yellow. Individual flowers are unusually large and are tightly grouped on the spike.

Pkt. 25c

Rosalie
A rich deep rose with an underlying tone of topaz. Tube and lip are self tones. The warm old rose shade of the bloom is extremely pleasing.

Pkt. 20c

Shasta
The best white in this new strain. Plants are symmetrical and base branching.

Pkt. 20c

Majus Exquisite Mixed
All colors of this wonderful strain of rust-resisting Snapdragons. Splendid for the garden; bushy plants of an excellent height.

Pkt. 20c

DWARF GIANTS

Amber and Gold
Buds appear as a soft rose-pink, but as the spikes open to full bloom they show florets with full golden yellow lips, and hoods of golden amber.

Pkt. 35c

Du Barry
Similar in habit to Amber and Gold, Du Barry is a flaming salmon-rose of self shading except for a golden yellow spot on the lower lip.

Pkt. 35c

Ruby
Bright velvety carmine-crimson color. Its brilliant tone makes it most desirable to achieve sharp color contrasts.

Pkt. 35c

Manum Jewel Mixed
A wonderful mixture of all colors in this strain of large flowering dwarf Snapdragons.

Pkt. 25c

PINK ANTIRRHINUM COLLECTION

A lovely touch of color for your July garden.

Apple Blossom. (Tall.)
Rosalie. (Medium.)
Du Barry. (Low growing.)

3 Packets of each 65c

CALLIOPSIS

Dwarf Varieties Mixed
Both single and double flowers, all colors from cream-yellow to orange, crimson, maroon, mahogany and gold. Ideal for edgings and rockeries. Height 9 to 12 inches.

Pkt. 20c

Tall Varieties Mixed
Many fascinating and brilliant colors of yellow, ruby and dark maroon. Some are bi-colors, others have contrasting centers. Bloom continuously from early summer to frost. Cutting improves their flowering.

Pkt. 20c

CANDYTUFT

Giant Hyacinth-Flowered
Large white flowers resembling hyacinth spikes, often measuring 7 inches long.

Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 35c

The Gem (Miniature)
Plants about 3 inches high, smothered with snow-white flowers. An excellent plant for the rockeries and edging.

Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 40c

Mixed Umbellata
Mixed pastel shades, including white, together with brighter tones of carmine, crimson and deep pink.

Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 35c

Giant HYACINTH-FLOWERED CANDYTUFT

SUPER GIANT ANTIRRHINUMS

An Enchanting Rosalie.

DU ARBRE BARRY.
CALENDULA

These improved calendulas are far superior to the old-fashioned varieties; flowers are larger, longer stemmed, more fully double and of richer colors. Those offered here are extra large-flowered and double to the very center. Calendulas are of easiest culture, succeeding in ordinary, well drained soil. Where summers are not too hot, plants will bloom from early summer until frost, and furnish an endless supply of long-lasting cut flowers. Sow seed in early spring and again in early summer to furnish blooms in the cool fall days. 15 to 24 in. tall, depending on the variety.

**Campfire**
Large brilliant orange flowers with decided crimson-scarlet sheen. Pkt. 20c

**Orange King**
Brilliant orange flowers with open centers. Blooms are large and flat, of formal formation, carried on sturdy stems excellent for cutting. A favorite florist's variety. Pkt. 15c

**Tip Top**
Light apricot with a decided silvery sheen—a most pleasing color tone. Pkt. 15c

**Twilight**
Large incurved blooms measuring 4 inches across in soft pastel yellow. A stunning Calendula. Pkt. 20c

**Yellow Colossal**
Immense bright yellow flowers, 4 1/2 inches and more across. Very profuse in bloom. Petals are long, loose, and gracefully curved. Bushy plants 1 1/2 feet high. Pkt. 20c

**Art Shades**
Many fine colors formerly not obtainable in calendulas. Colors range from white to cream, and buff to yellow and deep maroon. Pkt. 20c

CELOSIA - Cockscomb

Gorgeous, showy plants of brilliantly colored combs or plumes. Most effective when used in beds or borders. Often combined with canna. Blooms from midsummer until frost.

**CRESTED COCKSCOMB** (Cristata)
The flower heads resemble the form of a rooster's comb with a chenille or velvet-like texture. Plants grow about 12 inches high. Splendid for use as borders and also for pot culture. Does well in a light soil. Easily dried for winter use.

**Nama Aurea**
Deep gold flower heads with bronzy foliage. Lovely as foreground planting when combined with white canna, Eureka. Pkt. 20c

**Glasgow Prize**
Compact plants, growing 12 inches high, with tight clusters of dark crimson flowers, resembling a rooster's comb, contrasting with green foliage. Pkt. 20c

**FEATHERED COCKSCOMB** (Plumosa)
**Pride of Castle Gould**
Large, fluffy, ostrich-feather-like blooms. The very finest strain of these wonderful plumed celosias 11 existence. All tints and tones of yellow, scarlet, crimson and orange. 24 inches. Pkt. 25c

**CHINESE WOOLFLOWER** (Childsii)
A long time favorite, originated by our founder, John Lewis Childs. Effective splashes of color on the well-branched plants, each branch tipped with a round, woolly flower head. Height 2 1/2 to 3 feet.

**Childsii Crimson**
Brilliant crimson flower heads, effective for background, excellent for mixed bouquets. Pkt. 15c

**Childsii Yellow**
Bright yellow form of above. Pkt. 15c

CALIFORNIA POPPY

(Eschscholzia)

Native poppies widely-spread on the Pacific Coast and grown in gardens all over the country. Height 1 foot.

**Aurantiaca** (Orange King).
Rich orange; true California Poppy. Pkt. 15c

**Carmine King**
Deep carmine-red. Pkt. 15c

**Golden West**
Large deep yellow flowers with brilliant orange blotch. Pkt. 15c

**Brilliant Mixture**
A special mixture of colors from pale buff to dark reds. Pkt. 15c

**Double Flowering Mixed**
A special mixture of the best named double varieties. Many colors. Pkt. 25c, 1/2 oz. 60c

CARNATIONS

Chaubaud's Improved Giants
Large and beautifully formed flowers, many of them elegantly fringed and in some instances as large as our best greenhouse carnations. They bloom in three months from seed and continue blooming until frost. Mixed colors of crimson, white and pink.
FAVORITE COSMOS

Beautiful summer and fall blooming plants, decorative in the garden and wonderful for cutting. One of the easiest to grow, succeeding best in a well-drained soil and a sunny location.

DOUBLE CRESTED SENSATION COSMOS

Peerless Pink Lady
The flowers will average 5 inches across, on plants over 3 feet tall, carrying a multitude of gorgeous blooms for cutting. Some of these will be single, some double, as the picture on page 23 shows; healthy feeding will increase the percentage of double blooms.

Peerless White Cloud
Gorgeous double and semi-double flowers of pure white that measure 4 to 5 inches across. Of the same habit of growth as Peerless Pink Lady. This pure white variety will be a welcome addition to the garden.

Peerless Mixed
Large, fully double flowers, 4 to 6 inches across, in tones of white, pink and crimson. Flowers are very freely produced, on long stems excellent for cutting.

GIANT SENSATION COSMOS

Dazzler
All-America Selection. A new, extremely early flowering Sensation Cosmos with 3 to 4 inch flowers of richest deep amaranth-crimson. A sturdy, well-branched plant, ideal for garden display, and the flowers are long-stemmed beauties ideal for cutting. See the color illustration on page 23.

Pinkie
Clear rose-pink flowers of enormous size, 4 to 5 inches across, carried on long, wiry stems. Airy and graceful, the 4-foot-high plants make a lovely border subject.

Purity
Pure white flowers of this Giant Sensation class. Excellent addition to the all-white garden or the popular blue and white gardens so much in vogue.

Mixed
Giant single flowers of pink, white and crimson, 4 to 6 inches across, are borne on strong plants growing 4 to 6 feet tall. Remarkably quick growing, bearing flowers 10 weeks after seed, and continuing right to hard frost.

EARLY KLONDYKE COSMOS

Orange Flare
Well-branched plants, 3 feet tall, with showy orange flowers on long stems, fine for cutting. Very popular in northern states because of its early and free bloom. Erect, requiring no staking.

Yellow Flare
All-America Selection. The blooms are large sized and of a clear golden yellow never before seen in a cosmos. This delightful new tone is especially welcome as it gives us a fine bright color, cheerful in the garden and very desirable for cutting. The stems are long and wiry and the whole plant is similar to Orange Flare. Like that variety, it is very well suited as background planting or in the wild garden. Height 4 feet.

DELPHINIUM

ANNUAL DELPHINIUM - Larkspur

Splendid strain of base-branching habit, making very long stems for cutting. Fully double flowers of delphinium-like form.

Blue Spire
Intense Oxford-blue that fairly glints in the garden. Illustrated on page 23.

Dazzler
Brilliant scarlet. One of the best of the Giant Imperial in its unusual color, so unlike the perennial delphinium.

Lilac Spire
Lonely mauve-lavender, of sturdy upright growth and extra vigor.

Montrose
Large, clear rose-pink. Another unusual and most attractive flower. Pictured on page 23.

White Spire
Pure white. One of the first and certainly a needed color in the garden, particularly for the evening garden.

Giant Imperial Mixed Colors
Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 65c

RECENT INTRODUCTIONS

Daintiness Improved
Pkt. 20c
A deep shade of lilac-blue; fully double flowers on long, strong stems. A much admired color that does not fade. Illustrated on page 23.

Imperial Pink King
Pkt. 20c
Tall and imposing spikes of salmon-rose flowers. Fully double, the individual flowers measure 2 inches, are evenly and closely placed on long stems of excellent cutting length. Illustrated on page 23.

White King
Pkt. 20c
Glistening white with rounded broad petals. The individual florets are well placed on the strong stems that are splendid for cutting.

FINEST PERENNIAL DELPHINIUM SEED

Originated on the Pacific Coast, these finest perennial delphiniums have perfectly huge florets, 2½ to 3½ inches in diameter, beautifully spaced on well-branched spikes. They grow 6 feet high, with often a full 3 feet clustered with completely double florets in a range of color that is simply magnificent. Each of the classes offered below has a balanced percentage of “Bees” or “Eyes,” some blending, some contrasting with the appealing colors with which they are surrounded. Perennial though they are, they prefer not to be moved, but like to be planted where they are to make their future display.

All Colors and Shades Mixed
Pkt. 50c
It would be difficult to tell all the tints and tones to be found in this comprehensive selection of the finest delphiniums. Every one a beauty in its own right and of truly noble character.
COSMOS, PEERLESS PINK LADY

ANNUAL PHLOX (See page 31) Mixed Colors, Pkt. 20c

BLUE SPIRE  GIANT IMPERIAL LARKSPUR
PINK KING  MONTROSE  DAINTINESS

4 Packets (ONE EACH OF ABOVE)  65c

COSMOS, DAZZLER
DIMORPHOTHECA - African Daisy
Showy annuals from South Africa, about one foot tall with fine, single daisy-like blooms during summer and fall. Easy culture in ordinary, well drained soil and sunny exposure. Quick to bloom.

Salmon Beauty Pkt. 20c
Soft salmon-buff flowers with a distinctive black center quickly cover the plants, 12 to 15 inches tall.

Glistening White Pkt. 20c
The immaculate dazzling purity of the starry flowers is most outstanding. They grow 3½ to 4 inches across, and are freely borne on graceful slender stems. Plants are low and spreading, start blooming very early.

DIMORPHOTHECA, DOUBLE HYBRIDS
Novel and piquant, a new double strain of the African Daisy. Mixture is made up of colors ranging from deep salmon-orange to white, including lemon and biscuit shades. Individual flowers have crested centers and measure two inches across. Low-growing 8 inches) and spreading. These plants are ideal for edging and foreground and will provide masses of gay flowers throughout the summer.

Pkt. 25c

ORNAMENTAL GOURDS
Grows as a vine and is best trained on a fence or trellis. The ripened fruits are used for ornaments for home decoration.

Small-Fruited Varieties Pkt. 15c
Include many fantastic shapes and some useful ones, such as the spoon and nest egg. All are interesting.

Large-Fruited Varieties Pkt. 15c
Ornamental shapes and colors. Mixture contains Bottle and Dipper, both of which have been in use for centuries as household utensils.

CLEOME

Pink Queen Pkt. 25c
This beautiful Spider Plant grows from Maine to Florida. It is never out of bloom. A tall and attractive border plant that is free from insects and disease. With huge heads of delightful and refreshing pink without a trace of blue or magenta, Pink Queen reaches over 4 feet. Alcy foliage with blooms from June until frost.

CORNFLOWER - Centaurea Cyanus
A perfected strain of this popular flower. Fully double, with long stems ideal for cutting. Plants grow 2 feet high. Bloom all summer and fall.

Blue Boy Pkt. 15c
The true cornflower-blue that is so well liked.

Black Boy Pkt. 15c
A dark maroon-red, nice for boutonnieres and mixed bouquets.

Pinkie Pkt. 15c
Lovely light pink; beautiful contrast to the Blue Boy with which it is often grown.

Snow Man Pkt. 15c
Pure glistening white flowers of dainty form.

Jubilee Gem, Dwarf Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 85c
Compact plants covered with double dark blue flowers. Grows 12 inches high and is a lovely border plant.

DAHLIAS FROM SEED
Very easy to grow and ideal for beds or cutting. The flowers are 2 to 3 inches across and grow on compact plants. No staking required.

Unwin's Dwarf Hybrids Pkt. 25c
Mixture of beautiful double and semi-double flowers on plants 1½ to 2 feet tall, with a wide range of colors.

DIANTHUS - Annual Pinks
Brilliantly colored flowers for beds, borders, rock gardens and cutting. The dwarf bushy plants grow 9 to 12 inches tall and produce flowers of different forms from July until frost. Delicately fragrant.

Single Mixed Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 35c
Well formed single blooms with smooth or laciniated petals. Many colors, pink, scarlet, and salmon. Many with markings and contrasting margins.

Double Mixed Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 35c
Double fringed and laciniated carnation-like flowers in a wide range of colors, many with contrasting edges.

DIDISCUS - Blue Lace Flower

Coeruleus Pkt. 15c
Lovely lavender-blue lacylike flowers 2 to 3 inches across, on plants 20 inches high. Flower-heads resemble Queen Anne's Lace. A pretty border subject. Excellent for mixed bouquets. Pictured on page 24.
Marigolds thrive with a minimum of care. Plant the taller sorts like Sunset Giants and Yellow Supreme in the background. Then group the Mission Giants in front and use the Harmony types for borders. Give them a location in full sun and they will reward you with an abundance of bloom.

**TALL GROWING MARIGOLDS**

**CHRYSANTHEMUM-FLOWERED HYBRIDS**

A new personality in marigolds. The chrysanthemum-shaped flowers are fully double and form almost a perfect ball. Plants 2 to 4 feet high.

**Goldsmith**

Pkt. 25c, ½ oz. 75c

Giant incurved chrysanthemum-like, golden orange flowers up to 3 in. across and almost a perfect ball in shape. Plants grow 18 in. tall, are base branching, each plant producing 8 to 12 stems of excellent length. Early and free-blooming. Flowers have exceptionally long keeping qualities.

**Mammoth 'Mum**

Pkt. 25c

All-America Selections, 1944. Strong, bushy, erect plants reach 3 feet by August when they commence to bear huge 4- to 5-inch, double blooms with incurved petals like a chrysanthemum. Flowers are rich lemon-yellow and are borne on long, strong stems. An ideal flower for late summer and fall.

**Yellowstone**

Pkt. 25c, ½ oz. 85c

All-America Selection. Bright, clear yellow chrysanthemum-shaped flowers, forming almost perfect balls. A new color in the Mission Giant strain, forming luxurious large plants, growing up to 3 feet. A most welcome addition because of its clear, true color. Blooms until frost. Excellent for cutting.

**Mission Giant Mixed**

Pkt. 25c, ½ oz. 65c

New incurved chrysanthemum-flowered type, with fully double blooms on plants 3 feet high. Range from palest primrose to deep rich orange. Bloom in 16 weeks.

**COlLECTION**

**SUNSET GIANTS**

Pkt. 15c

A large percentage of the plants will produce the largest marigolds ever grown—5 in. and more across. Flowers vary not only in size, but in formation as well as color; they are many shades of orange and yellow, with orange predominating. Plants grow 3½ ft. and more tall; begin to bloom in midsummer and continue to flower profusely until frost.

**CARNATION-FLOWERED MARIGOLDS**

**Guinea Gold**

Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 60c

Selected strain. Beautiful shade of deep orange, flushed with gold, odorless foliage, and stems 2½ to 3 feet tall, make them fine for cutting.

**Maryling**

Pkt. 25c

Golden flowers from 3 in. and more across, the petals being incurved practically their entire length and faintly fringed on the outer edges. The uniform hedge-like plants grow about 2 ft. tall and are very profuse blooming, beginning early in the summer and continue until frost.

**Yellow Supreme**

Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 65c

Practically odorless foliage, with large, rich lemon-yellow flowers that are 100 per cent double. Blooms are quite well adapted for cutting, with stems 2½ ft. long.

**MARIGOLD COLLECTION**

**EARLY ROYAL SCOT**

GOLDSMITH

**GYPSEY JEWELS**

Gypsy Jewels

Pkt. 25c

New strain of "Little Giant." Blooms measure four inches across, produced on compact plants 13 inches tall. The huge flowers are so freely produced, 15 to 25 at a time, that the plants will form a neat hedge of solid bloom of variegated colors.

**LIMELIGHT**

Lightest in color of all the marigolds, and almost identical to florists' chrysanthemums in form. Exquisite flowers, 2½ inches in size, on plants 20 inches in height.

**MARIGOLD GROWING MARIGOLDS**

**DWARF FRENCH DOUBLE**

**Butterball**

Pkt. 25c, ¼ oz. 65c

All-America Selection. Butterball is an exquisite little jewel which bears dozens of flowers of a deeply butter-yellow shade. Of the Harmony strain, the dwarf plants are compact in habit, about 8 inches high, and literally covered with blooms 2 inches across. Early blooming. Would combine beautifully with Hieranbergia for a border.

**Spry**

Pkt. 25c

Silver Medal Winner, All-America Selections. The most profuse blooming of all marigolds. Flowers are double, with bright yellow, pin cushion center corollas surrounded by several rows of mahogany-red guard petals. They grow 1½ to 3½ in. across and completely cover the tiny plants, which come into bloom in less than 9 weeks from seed and continue until frost. Especially suited for beds, borders and edgings, 9 in. tall and 15 in. across.

**Sunkist**

Pkt. 25c

All-America Selection. Developed as an orange-colored sport from a previous winner, Butterball. It is a dwarf, compact, very early, continuous blooming, dwarf double French Harmony type.

**EARLY ROYAL SCOT**

Pkt. 15c, ½ oz. 25c

Lovely dwarf French double marigold, with flowers made up of rich mahogany and gold in uniform stripes. Plants are dwarf, but of spreading habit.

**Scarlet Glow**

Pkt. 25c

All-America Winner. The brightest red of all dwarf double French marigolds. Flowers open a deep scarlet and as they age turn to a rich tangerine color. They are fully double, 1½ to 2 in. across, and borne most profusely on dwarf plants which attain a height of 10 in. and a spread of 18 in. Plants begin to bloom in 10 weeks from the time the seed is sown and continue without interruption until frost. While primarily a plant for beds, borders, and edgings, stems are long enough for cutting.

**Harmony Hybrids**

Pkt. 20c, ½ oz. 60c

Wide and varied range of striking color combinations. Scabiosa type flowers with crested center, and wavy guard petals. Fully double flowers 2 inches across, on plants 1 foot high.

**DWARF AFRICAN "LITTLE GIANTS"**

**Mission Giant Mixed**

Pkt. 25c

3 Packets

(One of each)
LOBELIA

Crystal Palace
Pkt. 15c, ½ oz. 60c
Ideal edging plant with masses of small vivid blue flowers almost completely covering the bronze-green foliage. Perfect for a ribbon border or edging. The nearest to navy-blue in any flower. Compact plants 4 inches high. Combines especially well with Alyssum, Little Gem.

Sapphire (Trailing)
Pkt. 15c
Graceful trailing branches covered with large deep blue flowers. Splendid for window boxes or ground covers.

MIGNONETTE

Old-Fashioned Sweet-Scented
Pkt. 15c
The sweet fragrance of Mignonette is a delight in the garden. Giant flowering spirelike blooms on plants 1½ feet tall, in mixed colors of pink, yellow, rosy red and pure white. Decorative in the border and lovely in bouquets.

MOONFLOWER

Noctiluca Giant White
Pkt. 15c
A quick growing vine with large white fragrant flowers. Blooms at night, flowers lasting until the following day. Grown on trellises it provides splendid shade. Often planted alternately with Heavenly Blue morning glories.

MORNING GLORIES

Hundreds of trumpet-shaped flowers in beautiful colors cover this climbing vine from June to frost. Succeeds in any soil and location, climbing up to 20 feet. There is no finer way to relieve a drab fence, or to brighten a hedge, than to let these new morning glories ramble over them.

Cornell
Pkt. 15c
(New.) Large two-colored flowers of Cornell-red, bordered white. Of heavy sturdy growth with attractive foliage.

Heavenly Blue
Pkt. 15c
Huge sky-blue blossoms with wide-open throats of creamy white. The best known and most popular morning glory. Illustrated on page 24.

Pearly Gates
Pkt. 25c
All-America Selection. Big satiny white blooms with creamy shading. Flowers measure 4½ inches. This gorgeous morning glory is ideal in growth with luxurious foliage and bloom. Growing to 12 feet, it is a curtain of beauty trained on a trellis. Will thrive in any soil, and tolerate part shade. Pictured on page 24.

Scarlet O’Hara
Pkt. 25c
All-America Selection. Very well liked, and winner of All-America Gold Medal. Bright rosy red with broad veins radiating from the throat. Color is carried well down the throat, which at the base is pure white.

White Magic
Pkt. 25c
Large fleecy white flowers on tall vines blooming at the same time as Heavenly Blue and Scarlet O’Hara. An improved strain.

MORNING GLORIES
GO PATRIOTIC

On trellis or wall this summer a combination of these three will be a living banner of American freedom.

Red. Cornell.
White. White Magic.
Blue. Heavenly Blue.

All 3 for 50c

Note.—Starting from the left, plant alternate red and white flowering ones for stripes. Blue flowering ones in window box for field with 3 white ones for stars.
No flower has achieved such rapid or deserved popularity as have petunias within the past decade. The splendid attributes of all classes of petunias have captivated the hearts of all gardeners, amateur and professional, and they have supplanted so many of the old favorites such as geraniums, salvias, vincas, etc., as bedding and window box plants.

Only lately have they been recognized as splendid cut flowers. Petunias are so prolific that proper culture requires frequent trimming of the plants so that cutting the blooms not only provides a splendid source of cut flowers, but aids the general growth of the plant as well. They succeed in ordinary, well-drained garden loam. Once planted in a sunny location, petunias will reward you with masses of bloom throughout the summer. We recommend starting petunia seeds indoors 8 weeks before the usual outdoor planting time. Plants may be transplanted to their permanent location after the soil has become warm and all danger of cold weather is past. They are easily grown if directions on the seed packets are carefully followed. Extra care in sowing seed and handling plants will reward you with blooms of unsurpassed size and beauty.

TALL FREE FLORACING VARIETIES FOR BEDDING

Brightly colored single flowers, with clean cut edges and pretty formation, barne all summer long. Flowers vary in size from 2 to 5 inches, on plants averaging 18 inches in height.

Blue Beauty
Rich velvety velvety-blue with throat of purple to black. Pkt. 25c

Elks' Pride
Largest, darkest, and best velvety purple. Blooms measure 4 to 5 inches across, have a smooth plain edge, and are produced freely on 18-inch plants. Pkt. 25c

Flaming Velvet
Lustrous velvety blood-red blooms very generously produced all the summer. Wonderful color to combine with the white sorts. Pkt. 20c

Hollywood Star
Lovely rich rose, rosy-throat. Flower is five-pointed star-shaped that is most attractive. Early and free-flowering. Pkt. 20c

Snowstorm
Pure, clear, snow-white flowers, 4 to 5 inches across, and having a smooth plain edge. Profuse blooming, Snowstorm is a splendid bedding variety. Pkt. 20c

Topaz Rose
Brilliant cerise-rose, suffused with gold. The color is set off by a topaz-colored throat. Flowers are smooth edged, about 3 inches across, and most suitable for cutting for miniature flower arrangements. Pkt. 20c

Hybrid Mixed Colors
The best varieties of blue, crimson, white, cerise, salmon and golden rose especially blended for a harmonious effect. Pkt. 25c

DWARF COMPACT VARIETIES FOR BEDDING

Grow to a height of about 1 foot with multitudes of open single flowers from 2 inches across to 3 inches across, depending on variety.

Betsy Ross
Alternate broad rays of red and white reminding one of our flag. The ruffled flowers are unusually large for this strain of compact bedding type. Pkt. 25c

Blue Bedder
Perfectly named, free-blooming variety of violet-blue. The well-rounded plants are a mass of bloom throughout the season. Pkt. 20c

Cream Star
A new color and an approach toward a yellow gold. Flowers are shaped like a five-pointed star. Lovely dwarf bushy plants that are exceedingly free-blooming. All-America Silver Medal Winner. Pkt. 25c

English Violet
All-America Selection. Purple-violet flowers with slightly ruffled edges, measuring about 3 inches across. Plants are bushy, very floriferous and of splendid habit. Pkt. 25c

Igloo
All-America Selection. The dainty creamy white flowers with yellowish throats, fairly cover the plants in a mound of bloom. Very early to flower, Igloo will continue to bloom happily throughout the season. Height of plant about 10 inches. Lovely as an edging or where a neat compact habit of growth is desired. Pkt. 25c

First Lady
Beautiful, clear pink flowers, 2½ inches across. Produce so profusely as to practically hide the foliage of the bushy plants. Pkt. 20c

Glow
Brilliant carmine-red flowers on compact rounded plants. Excellent for border work. Pkt. 20c

Martha Washington
A most unusual variety. The color effect is a rose-pink but it is really a bi-color. The frilled edges are blush-pink while the center is veined with a rich wine-red; throat is dark violet. Plants form neat, well-rounded mounds about 9 inches tall. Pkt. 20c

Rosy Morn
Clear rose-pink, with white throat. Flowers are dainty and effective with other pastels. Pkt. 20c

Salmon Supreme
A soft salmon-pink on a peach tone. Medium size flowers on very free-flowering plants. Typical habit of growth in this Nana Compacta group. Pkt. 25c

Velvet Ball
Flowers are large and of the same deep, velvety mahogany-red as the taller growing variety—Flaming Velvet. Velvet Ball is of neat, compact growing habit. Height 10 inches. Pkt. 20c

White Cloud
Pure white flowers over 3 inches across produced on free-blooming, dwarf, compact plants. A splendid variety. Pkt. 25c

RED, WHITE AND BLUE PETUNIAS

TALL BEDDING
Flaming Velvet
Pkt. 25c
Snowstorm
Pkt. 20c
Blue Beauty
Pkt. 25c

3 Pkts. (1 of each) 55c
6 Packets (One of Each) $1.00

DWARF BEDDING
Glow
Pkt. 25c
White Cloud
Pkt. 20c
Blue Bedder
Pkt. 20c

3 Pkts. (1 of each) 55c
The NEW GIANT-FLOWERED STRAINS of PETUNIAS

GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA

These magnificent new deep-throated single petunias are quite breathing-in their beauty. Flowers as large as 7 inches across may be grown, and 5 inches is just average. The back cover will "explain" their beauty better than any mere words can.

**GIANT SILVER ROSE**

Pkt. 75c

Lovely soft rose-pink with a silvery sheen when seen in bright sunlight. The throat is deep and the flower is delicately, beautifully fluted.

**King Alonso**

Pkt. 75c

A rich deep crimson that is set off by the very deep, dark throat. The fringed effect is very pronounced.

**Lilac Queen**

Pkt. 75c

Indeed a queen, this lovely petunia is true lilac-blue splendidly etched by its purple veins.

**Prince of Wurttemberg**

Pkt. 75c

A very large rose with a wide open throat, heavily frilled and deeply veined in the lighter colored throat.

**Ruffled Beauty**

Pkt. 75c

Shell pink beauty, accented by a lighter throat and deep purple veins. The flower is nicely fringed and fluted and the effect is stunning.

**Mixed Giants**

Pkt. 75c

A delightful mixture of the above and many other outstanding colors, all with the same flowering habit—huge and fringed trumpets.

GIANT FRinged DWArF PeTuNias

Immense flowers 3 to 5 inches across with deeply fringed edges and heavily veined throats. For pot culture, window boxes, and for bedding where one desires large flowers of individual beauty. Height 1 foot.

**Lace Veil**

Pkt. 25c

Pure white flowers with delicate creamy throat. Daintily fringed and waved single blooms, about 3 inches across. About 9 inches high.

**Romany Lass**

Pkt. 25c

Velvety dark red with purplish black throat. The 5-inch fringed blooms are very striking with their gipsy-like coloring. Gorgeous planted alone or as a foil for the lighter colors.

**Setting Sun**

Pkt. 25c

Brilliant rose-pink with contrasting light throat. Compact, bushy plants carrying daintily fringed blooms about 3 inches in diameter.

**Theodosia**

Pkt. 25c

Clear rose-pink ruffled and fringed flowers with clear yellow throats veined black. Plants are about 12 inches high, carrying multitudes of 4-inch blooms all season long.

**White Beauty**

Pkt. 25c

Pure white fringed flowers with delicate green veins in the throat. Of enormous size, 5 inches across, this lovely variant is most effective whether grown in individual pots or in the open border.

**Super Fluffy Ruffles**

Pkt. 35c

Giant flowers so ruffled and fringed that they appear to be almost double. Shades of rose and pink predominate in this lovely color mixture.

DWARF GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA

The blooms are exceptionally large, averaging 5 to 6 inches across. Borne on sturdy, compact plants that are splendid for bedding and pot culture. The trumpet-like blooms are deeply ruffled and fringed, with beautifully veined markings on their open throats. In most ways similar to the Giants of California strain, except more dwarf in habit.

**Ramona Strain**

Pkt. 35c

A dwarf, sturdy growing type especially suited to pot culture. Flowers are beautifully ruffled and fringed with very open marked and veined throats. The colors range from pale pink to dark rose and red.

**Glamour**

Pkt. 35c

Huge ruffled blooms of luscious salmon-rose, delicately veined brown in the creamy open throat. The first flowers are produced when the plants are only 5 to 6 inches tall and continue to bloom throughout the season, reaching a height of 1½ feet.

DOUBLE FRinged GIANT PeTuNias

Of extraordinary beauty, these all-double petunias are the result of long and patient hybridizing. Crinkled and fluted in interlacing layers, these gorgeous flowers resemble over-size carnations. The plants are low, compact, and sturdy, coming into bloom when only a few inches high. Plant them in individual pots, in the window box or in the border and they will command instant admiration. They are pictured on page 35.

**America**

Pkt. 50c

All-America Sweepstakes Winner for 1943. America is the all-double type of medium-size carnation-flowered petunia. Color is mauve-pink, somewhat a reminder of the color of Gladiaus America. Petunia America is a splendid new introduction.

**Blue Brocade**

Pkt. 50c


**Brilliancy**

Pkt. 50c

Bright rose-pink, carnation-flowered and fringed blooms. Very desirable for individual pot culture. Splendid for border work. (See illustration on page 35).

**Gaiety**

Pkt. 50c

Bright pink double flowers with beautifully frilled petals. Splendid variety. (See illustration on page 35).

**Pure White**

Pkt. 50c

All-double, giant fringed pure white blooms averaging 3½ inches across. This is a particularly rare and scarce type. Please order early.

**World Beauty**

Pkt. 50c

Carmine-red, all-double flowers 3½ inches across. Splendid variety.

**Victorious All Double**

Pkt. 50c

A splendid mixture of these all-double maximum, giant carnation-flowered and fringed petunias with a range of color from white to pale pink and dark red. Highly desirable for pot culture and bedding.
BALCONY

Attractive plants with long branches covered with blooms 2½ to 3 inches or more across. Particularly desirable for use in window boxes and hanging baskets. Because of their casual and spreading growth they are also suitable for massed bedding or ground covers.

Black Prince
Deep, luminous, mahogany-red with satiny black throat. Effective contrast against the pale green foliage.

Crimson
Glowing crimson flowers, 3 inches across, on graceful trailing branches.

Netted Blue Gem
A steel-blue color, netted and veined with deep violet. Lovely flower of unusual color.

PETUNIAS

Rose
Pkt. 20c
Clear coral-rose of radiant color and pleasant effect. Excellent for hanging baskets or window boxes.

White
Pkt. 20c
Pure glistening white flowers, 3 inches across, on graceful trailing branches. Perfect for pots.

Mixed Balcony
Pkt. 20c
A choice assortment of brilliant colors of blue, rose, mahogany-red, crimson and, of course, white. Excellent for massing in beds and to use for ground covers.

NASTURTIUMS

Free-flowering annuals with bright colored single and double flowers, and unusual decorative foliage, both in shades of bright green and darker colors, prettily veined. Used for beds, as edgings and to trail and climb and flower all summer in full sunlight, in any kind of soil, and are particularly useful for covering tulip and daffodil beds during the summer and early fall. They are particularly easy to grow.

TALL CLIMBING NASTURTIUMS

Choice Mixed Colors
Pkt. 15c, oz. 35c
Single flowered varieties will trail or climb, dependent upon the opportunity given them. Excellent to grow on trellises, and for covering tree stumps, rocks and banks.

TALL GIANT DOUBLE—1½ feet

Golden Gleam
Pkt. 15c, oz. 30c
Beautiful, rich golden yellow flowers, sweetly scented, and measuring 2½ to 3 inches across.

Orange Gleam
Pkt. 15c, oz. 35c
Double flowers of clear, rich orange, with contrasting dark mahogany zone at the base of the petals.

Scarlet Gleam
Pkt. 15c, oz. 35c
Really dazzling orange-scarlet colored flowers on long stems.

Salmon Beauty
Pkt. 20c, oz. 60c
Clear and quite exquisite tone of attractive salmon color with pale green foliage.

Indian Chief
Pkt. 20c, oz. 60c
Brilliant scarlet, with contrasting foliage of dark green. Long stems for cutting.

Glorious Gleam Mixture
Pkt. 15c, oz. 30c
Many shades of double and semi-double flowers in bright self-colors, together with innumerable two-toned or "tiger" bicolors.

DWARF GIANT DOUBLE—1 foot

Golden Globe
Pkt. 15c, oz. 35c
Identical to Golden Gleam in the taller sorts, with exquisite double and semi-double flowers of pure golden yellow.

Mahogany Gem
Pkt. 20c, oz. 60c
The darkest color we have ever seen in nasturtiums. Velvety textured flowers of rich, deep mahogany.

Scarlet Globe
Pkt. 20c, oz. 60c
Fiery scarlet blooms that are both double and semi-double. In spite of its compact growth, stems are quite long.

Dwarf Giants in Mixture
Pkt. 15c, oz. 45c
Dwarf nasturtiums running from creamy white, to yellow, rose, salmon, orange, scarlet, blood-red and maroon.
NICOTIANA - Flowering Tobacco

Annuals particularly noted for their fragrance, which is especially pronounced during the evening and night. Flowers are of rather tubular shape, opening into five-pointed blooms, somewhat resembling petunias, in constant bloom during summer and fall.

**TALL GROWING VARIETIES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pkt.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pink Shades</td>
<td>15c</td>
<td>A new and different color for use when pastels are desired. Grows 3 ft tall. Excellent for the border.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweet Scented White</td>
<td>15c</td>
<td>Sweet, penetrating fragrance from long tubular flowers of pure white. This is the variety to plant for an evening garden.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixed Hybrids</td>
<td>15c</td>
<td>Brilliant rose, red and crimson, with shades of cream and white. Profuse in bloom and pungent in fragrance.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**LOW GROWING VARIETIES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pkt.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crimson Bedder</td>
<td>15c</td>
<td>Widely planted in beds, as its habit of growth is quite orderly. Height 15 inches. Has moderate fragrance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miniature White (Suaveolens)</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>Sweet scented tubular flowers of delicious fragrance. Its low growing and even height (18 inches) make it ideal for planting as a solid bed. Sometimes combined with Crimson Bedder with nice effect.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NIEREMBERGIA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pkt.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Purple Robe</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>All-America Selection. Deep violet-purple that maintains its color even in hottest sun. Of neat habit, growing 6 inches tall, making a nice spreading plant for edgings. This is really a half-hardy perennial, persisting over the winter in the deep South, but best treated as an annual elsewhere. Comes into bloom 15 weeks from sowing, and will continue to bloom until killed by hard frosts.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PORTULACA**

Showy little annuals with rather succulent foliage and numerous brightly colored flowers, growing about 4 inches high. Brightly colored blossoms, both single and double, that open and close with the sun.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pkt.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single Mixed</td>
<td>15c</td>
<td>Complete range of colors in bright tones from orange, through pink, white, rose, buff and other shades.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double Mixed</td>
<td>15c</td>
<td>In just as wide a range of color as the single flowered, but looking like tightly clustered miniature roses.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**GIANT PANSIES**

These early spring flowering annuals are too well known to need description. They may be sown in very early spring, or during the summer and late fall. Few annuals can rival these beauties—in color, in picking qualities, in all around usefulness in the garden.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pkt.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixed Colors</td>
<td>20c</td>
<td>Pkt. 20c, 1/16 oz. 50c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL TREAT FOR PANTRY LOVERS**

In order to offer to our customers absolutely the finest mixture it is possible to obtain, we have prepared a homemade mixture of the finest giant strains, including Swiss, Roggli and California types. We sincerely believe that this one mixture will yield the widest variation of types and colors possible and every flower is a true giant in size.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pkt.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pansy Mix</td>
<td>35c</td>
<td>Pkt. 35c, 1/16 oz. 1.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PANSIES**

**GIANT-FLOWERED ANNUAL PHLOX**

New developments of Phlox Drummondii Gigantea, with perfectly huge florets, measuring 1 1/2 inches across, in full, shapely heads.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pkt.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Red Glory</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>All-America Selection. A wonderful color in this Gigantea strain. Probably no phlox, annual or perennial, has quite so vivid a color, and one that will persist all summer. Richest bright red, with contrasting white eye. Individual florets are huge, 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 inches across. Height about 10 inches.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rosey Morn</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>All-America Selection. Gigantic single blooms of brilliant rose with white eye. 12 inches tall, true and uniform.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salmon Glory</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>All-America Silver Medal. Tremendous size, measuring 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 inches. Pure salmon-pink, distinct creamy white eye.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Art Shades</td>
<td>20c</td>
<td>A lovely mixture of attractive pastel shades. Flowers quite large, running 1 to 1 1/2 inches, borne in massive trusses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grandiflora Mixed Colors</td>
<td>20c</td>
<td>Large heads of flowers in many colors, unexcelled for bedding and massing. In bloom all summer long. Height 15 inches.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DWARF PHLOX**

Growing only about 6 inches tall, and unexcelled for use in the rockery to give summer color, and for edgings and borders.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Pkt.</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fireball</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>Brilliant scarlet flower heads on stiff stems only 6 inches high. Excellent edging plant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snowball</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>White flowers on compact plants 6 inches high. For rock gardens and edging. Effective planted in front of taller growing sorts.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FOR A TRI-COLOR BORDER**

Dwarf Phlox, Fireball, Red.
Dwarf Phlox, Snowball, White.
Lobelia, Crystal Palace, Blue.

3 Packets (one of each) 60c
ANNUAL POPPIES

Dainty annuals of easiest culture with petals of satiny sheen, some quite smooth and bright, others crinkled and ruffled. Does well in any well-drained soil and sunny position. Height 1 to 2½ feet.

SINGLE FLOWERING SHIRLEY POPPIES

Attractive pastel tones and frosty colors in large, crinkled flowers. A bed of these, growing 2 feet high, will make an amazing display in summer.

Wild-Rose-Pink. Lively color. Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 35c
Glauceum (Tulip Poppy). Intense scarlet. Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 35c
Splendid Mixture Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 35c

BEGONIA-FLOWERED SHIRLEY POPPIES

Mixed Large flowers of full Double Begonia form in rich brilliant colors. Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 40c

FLANDERS POPPIES

Scarlet Scarlet Poppy of Europe, usually sown broadcast. For a beautiful effect, plant with blue cornflowers. Height 2½ feet.

SALVIA - Sage

An old-time favorite bedding plant without peer. For bold masses of color nothing can equal salvias. We offer the newest improved varieties. In bloom all summer long until stopped by hard frost.

Bonfire Pkt. 20c
Large florets of brilliant scarlet in great profusion produced on dense foliaged plants about 2 feet tall. Truly magnificent when planted with red canna, "The President."

Harbinger Pkt. 25c
Low growing and compact (about 10 inches high). Harbinger is excellent for edgings and borders. The brilliant scarlet flowers contrast nicely with the blue-green foliage. Early and continuous bloomer.

Salmon Queen Pkt. 25c
A new and unusual color in salvias. Rich salmon-pink flowers on dense plants about 2 feet tall. Plant in large clumps or as a border nearby a maple tree for a breath-taking color effect; especially striking in the autumn when the leaves turn.

SALPIGLOSSIS - Painted Tongue

Blossoms borne continuously from July to frost, are large funnel-shaped flowers in rich combination of color, strikingly veined with gold, giving them an attractive appearance not found on any other flower. Height 2½ feet.

White and Gold White trumpet-like blooms with golden throats and veins. Pkt. 15c
Light Blue and Gold Azure-blue flowers overlaid with golden markings. Pkt. 15c
Scarlet and Gold Scarlet trumpet-like blooms splashed with gold throughout. Pkt. 15c
Golden Veined Mixture Lovely colors of scarlet, blue, purple and rose. All with golden markings, creating a charming effect.

SCABIOSA - Pincushion Flower

Rounded heads of flowers resembling a pincushion. The stamens in the center of the flower protrude from the rest of the petals, making them look like pins stuck in a pincushion.

Sulphur Scarlet 15c
White 15c
Golden 15c
White 15c
Blue 15c
Salmon-pink 15c

Fire King Pkt. 25c
All-America Selection. Bright scarlet blooms on long stiff stems. A very desirable color for mixed bouquets.

Fleuret Pkt. 20c
Usual 15c

SCABIOSA, BLUE MOON

STOCKS - Gilliflower

DOUBLE EARLY GIANT IMPERIAL STRAIN Pkt. 20c
A complete blend of all the brilliant colors of the Early Giant Imperial Strain, copper, deep blue, blood-red, canary-yellow and snow-white.
SPENCER SWEET PEAS

These enormous waved and ruffled sweet peas are borne four to the stem on strong robust plants. One of the loveliest of cut flowers, sweet peas prefer an open sunny location in a deep rich soil that has good drainage. Flowerfield offers a carefully selected list of the best sorts with nicely rounded color range. 1 ounce will sow 25 feet of row.

America
Pkt. 15c
Ivory-white striped crimson-red. A delightful color combination, suggesting the stripes of our flag.

Flagship
Pkt. 20c
Deep navy-blue flowers of large size on long, strong stems. Silver Medal winner, Scottish National Sweet Pea Society.

Hollyberrv
Pkt. 15c
Bright scarlet; sunproof; the rich color seen in the holly berry.

Highlander
Pkt. 15c
Pure clear lavender blossoms of perfect form.

Lady Ruffles
Pkt 15c
Beautiful soft pink on a white ground, the warm glow of color carrying down to the base of the standard and wings.

Ruffled White
Pkt. 15c
The outstanding white-seeded white sweet pea. Extremely ruffled. Often five blooms to a spray.

Sparkle
Pkt. 15c
A glorious mixture of every conceivable color in this choice strain of Giant Spencer Sweet Peas.

VERBENAS

Easy to grow, providing masses of color, verbena are one of the most satisfactory of annual plants and are particularly suited to supplement the perennial border. They thrive in poor soil, withstand drought remarkably well, and flower from midsummer until frost. They are well illustrated by their picture on page 35.

DWARF COMPACT VERBENAS

Imagining a petite plant growing only 7 inches high, with a score of stiff, erect branches carrying enormous flower heads. Each plant spreads about 12 inches across, forming little mounds of flowers. Splendid for edgings, rock gardens, or miniature formal beds.

Blue Sentinel
Pkt. 25c
Deep violet-blue flowers with white corollas suffused very little blue.

Chamois
Pkt. 20c
Soft chamois-rose, the innermost florets suffused terra cotta.

Fireball
Pkt. 25c
Bright scarlet of sparkling color.

Snowball
Pkt. 25c
Purest white, its uniform height making it perfect for the ribbon border.

Dwarf Mixed Colors
Pkt. 20c
A fine blend of the best low growing varieties.

VERBENA, FIREBALL

TALL GROWING VERBENA GIGANTEA

The finest development of Verbena Grandiflora. Each plant bears 10 to 12 stems, carrying huge trusses of flowers. Excellent for bedding and cutting. Of robust, spreading growth, about 15 inches high and 24 inches in diameter.

Annapolis Blue
Pkt. 20c
Several tones lighter than navy-blue, true mid-blue.

Luminosa
Pkt. 20c
Flame-pink, shading to salmon.

Pure White
Pkt. 20c
Clear pure white, of finest form.

Spitfire
Pkt. 25c
Vibrant deep scarlet-rose. Stunning.

Violacea Stellata
Pkt. 20c
True violet with white star.

Gigantea Mixed Colors
Pkt. 20c
Exquisite mixture of brilliant colors.

VERBENAS FOR THE PATRIOTIC BORDER

For a really effective red, white and blue planting, we endorse the verbena. Their uniform height, whether in the Gigantea class (15 inches), or the Dwarf Compact class (7 inches), or both will make a clear cut tricolor. In their class you will find the colors of our flag as near as nature can produce them. Excellent for table decorations.

VERBENA GIGANTEA

Red—Spitfire
White—Pure White
Blue—Annapolis Blue

VERBENA DWARF COMPACTA

Red—Fireball
White—Snowball
Blue—Blue Sentinel

3 Packets (One of each) 55c

3 Packets (One of each) 65c
ZINNIAS

New forms have so widened the field of zinnias that even the most discriminating fancier can take delight in growing them. In addition to the full Giant Dahlia-Flowered forms, we now have the graceful Fantasy types, useful Cut-and-Come-Again varieties, chubby little Pompon fellows, and the stunning Howard Crested Giants. Zinnias delight in a rich soil and a sunny location. They are definitely hot weather flowers, reveling in warm summer sun and continuing their prolific bloom into early autumn.

HOWARD'S CRESTED GIANTS

Mixed Colors

An exciting, brand new zinnia. Handsome and useful, for all the world like Double-Flared Rhododendrons but with more vivid colors, the 3-feet-tall plants command instant attention. Flowers measure 4 to 5 inches across with fully double crested centers and wide overlooking fluted petals. In its range are the magnificent colors of rose, yellow, orange, scarlet and bronze, all vivid and beautiful. (See color illustration on page 35.)

FANTASY ZINNIAS

Rounded flowers, about 3 to 3 1/2 inches across, made up of twisted, tubular petals, giving them the appearance of shaggy chrysanthemums. Plants grow about 2 feet tall, and bloom profusely all summer long. An excellent source for more informal cut flowers to use either separately, or to contrast with the more conventional kinds.

Gold Dust

A soft light golden orange with very daintily curled and twisted petals of rounded blooms. Height, 2 1/2 feet tall.

Melody

Rich orchid-lavender flowers, 3 inches across, of finely curled and twisted petals, light and dainty in appearance.

Rosalie

Luscious watermelon-pink (see illustration on page 35) in the fascinating form of the Fantasy strain.

Wildfire

Strong, vibrant scarlet flowers with the long tubular curled and twisted petals of the Fantasy strain.

White Light

Pure white blooms of the Fantasy strain, resembling a curled feather. Ideal for table arrangement.

IMPROVED LILLIPUT or POMPON ZINNIAS

These little fellows are the darlings of the garden. They grow about 2 feet high, with tight, rounded heads of flowers about 1 to 1 1/2 inches across. Colors are unusually sharp and clear, making them just the thing for table use. Excellent for edging beds of taller, growing plants, their sparkling tints and clean cut habit of growth adding much to the entire planting. Pictured on page 35.

Black Ruby

All-America Selection. A deep velvety maroon Lilliput or Pompon Zinnia of exceptional merit. A most distinct color for this class. Flowers 1 1/4 inches across on 18-inch stems.

Dainty Gem

Fascinating bicolor button-like flowers are bright rose-pink at the center, flesh-pink on the outside petals. Stems are wiry, just the right length for cutting.

Golden Gem

Warm golden orange flowers of round button-like shape. Gay and lovely plants of bushy form 18 inches high that are very free-flowering.

White Gem

Crisp white flowers of fresh appeal. Typical form of the Lilliput strain. Excellent for cutting.

Lilliput Mixed Colors

A mixture of all the brilliant colors of the Lilliput or Pompon Zinnias, including yellows, purple, reds, and pink. Very cheerful color effect.

ZINNIA ELEGANS PUMILA - CUT-AND-COME-AGAIN

Mixed Colors

The more you cut, the more you get. Medium-sized flowers about 1 1/2 inches across, well rounded and abundantly produced on plants growing up to 1 1/2 feet tall. Flowers last a long time after being brought to the house. All colors mixed.

CUT FLOWER COLLECTION OF ZINNIAS

An ideal group for indoor decoration.

Howard Crested Giants

Fantasy Zinnia, Rosalie

Dahlia-Flowered Mixture

Lilliput Mixed Colors

Cut-and-Come-Again Dahlias

FLOWERFIELD GOLD MEDAL DAHLIA-FLOWERED

ZINNIAS

These flowers are so large as almost to give one a bouquet in a single flower, often 2 inches deep and 3 inches across. Stems are sturdy, growing 3 feet high, branching well to afford great armfuls of cut flowers.

Eldorado

Glistening salmon-apricot.

Exquisite

Two-toned effect of light rose with deeper center.

Canary Bird

Primrose-yellow.

Crimson Monarch

Great, double flowers of commanding bright crimson.

Dahlia-Flowered Mixture

The many brilliant colors will give you an unforgettable display.

Luminosa

Bright gleaming deep pink.

Polar Bear

Large flowers of pure white.

Royal Purple

All-America Selection. A color long sought in zinnias.

Will Rogers

Vivid tone of bright scarlet.

FLOWERFIELD MIXED COLORS

A mixture of all the flowers, giving you a magnificent display.

5 Packets (One of each) $1.00

DAHLIA-FLOWERED ZINNIAS
**FLOWERFIELD BULB FARM**
Flowerfield, Long Island, N.Y.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QUANTITY</th>
<th>ARTICLES</th>
<th>PRICE PER</th>
<th>EXTENSION</th>
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WE PAY POSTAGE
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(ADDITIONAL SPACE ON REVERSE SIDE)
Among the flood of so-called "Victory Garden" books and booklets that have appeared during the past year or two, we have found one so simple to read and yet so complete, that we felt our duty to our customers demanded that we offer it for sale. It is not a book for your permanent library, but an intensely interesting booklet that you will read from cover to cover before starting your garden and then use for continuous reference throughout the season as problems present themselves. Postpaid, 25c.
FANTASY ZINNIA, ROSALIE (See page 34)

LILLIPUT ZINNIAS (See page 34) Mixed Colors. Pkt. 20c
DWARF COMPACT VERBENAS (See page 33) Mixed Colors. Pkt. 20c

ZINNIAS, HOWARD'S CRESTED GIANTS (See page 34) Mixed Colors. Pkt. 35c

DOUBLE FRINGED GIANT PETUNIAS, BRILLIANCE and GAIETY (See page 29)
Giants of California Petunias
Mixed Colors. Pkt. 75c

SEE PAGES 28 TO 30 FOR COMPLETE LIST OF FLOWERFIELD PETUNIAS

FLOWERFIELD BULB FARM
Flowerfield, Long Island, N.Y.